

# Year 11 Subject Guide 2025



Respect Learning Community Creativity

# Contents

Introduction	4
Senior Education Profile	5
Senior Statement	
Queensland Certificate of Education (QCE)	5
Queensland Certificate of Individual Achievement (QC	IA)5
Senior subjects	5
Underpinning factors	
Vocational education and training (VET)	7
QCE eligibility	7
Australian Tertiary Admission Rank (ATAR) eligibility .	7
General syllabuses	7
Applied syllabuses	10
Senior External Examination syllabus	11
PRE-REQUISITES FOR GENERAL SUBJECTS 2025	13
Mathematics	14
General Mathematics	14
Mathematical Methods	16
Specialist Mathematics	18
Essential Mathematics	20
English	22
English	
Literature	24
Essential English	26
Humanities	28
Accounting	
Ancient History	30
Business	33
Economics	35
Geography	37
Legal Studies	39
Modern History	41
Social and Community Studies	44
Tourism	46
Business – Certificate III	48
Technologies	50
Design	

Digital Solutions	52
Engineering	54
Food & Nutrition	56
Building & Construction Skills	58
Engineering Skills	60
Furnishing Skills	62
Industrial Graphical Skills	64
Hospitality Practices	66
Hospitality - Certificate II	68
Information Technology - Certificate III	70
Health & Physical Education	72
Health	
Physical Education	74
Sport & Recreation	
Fitness Certificate III	
Health Support Services Certificate II + Health Servic	es Assistance Certificate
III	80
Science	82
Agricultural Science	
Biology	84
Chemistry	86
Physics	88
Psychology	90
Agricultural Practices	92
Science in Practice	94
Languages	96
German	
German Extension	98
Indonesian	100
The Arts	102
Drama	
Music 104	-
Music Extension (Composition)	106
Music Extension (Performance)	
Visual Art	
Visual Arts in Practice	
Dance - Certificate II	
Message to Year 10 Students	114

#### Introduction

Dear Parents and Students

Welcome to the next stage of your journey through the senior secondary years of schooling. Years 11 and 12 provide you with extensive choices designed to meet the diverse needs of students.

Our main focus remains on the Queensland Certificate of Education (QCE). A qualification attained by all Year 12 students who meet the prescribed standards.

In Years 11 and 12 there are many opportunities to personalise a learning pathway towards your preferred future. Preparation for tertiary and further education, vocational education and a range of other internal and external learning pathways are available to you.

Your choices of study should be guided by careful consideration of your aptitude, ability and your areas of interest. It is important that you reflect on your previous successes and experiences at school as you make your choice of subjects. In choosing subjects to study you should think carefully about your future career and life goals. It is important also to consider what you enjoy learning.

You will develop your Senior Education and Training (SET) Plan. Your SET Plan will be the road map to help guide your journey through these final years of schooling. There is an extensive support network at Ferny Grove to help you in this journey. Throughout Years 11 and 12 the SET Plan will be regularly reviewed in the light of your achievement each semester and changing career and life goals.

This booklet provides you with important information as you prepare for Years 11 and 12. I encourage you to take the time to carefully consider the information provided. If you do not understand something or would like further information talk with either our Guidance Officers or Head of Senior Secondary.

Ferny Grove State High School has a senior schooling team dedicated in providing accurate information and expert advice to students regardless of their pathway.

The senior years of secondary school are exciting; they build on the learning experiences and the achievements of the early years of high school. I look forward to your success in Years 11 and 12 as you equip yourself with the skills, knowledge and attitude to successfully embrace the challenges of living in our rapidly changing global society.

Yours sincerely

Ms Kiah Lanham Acting Executive Principal May 2024

#### **Senior Education Profile**

Students in Queensland are issued with a Senior Education Profile (SEP) upon completion of senior studies. This profile may include a:

- Senior Statement
- Queensland Certificate of Education (QCE)
- Queensland Certificate of Individual Achievement (QCIA).

For more information about the SEP see: www.qcaa.qld.edu.au/senior/certificates-qualifications/sep.

#### Senior Statement

The Senior Statement is a transcript of a student's learning account. It shows all QCE-contributing studies and the results achieved that may contribute to the award of a QCE. If a student has a Senior Statement, then they have satisfied the completion requirements for Year 12 in Queensland.

# Queensland Certificate of Education (QCE)

Students may be eligible for a Queensland Certificate of Education (QCE) at the end of their senior schooling. Students who do not meet the QCE requirements can continue to work towards the certificate post-secondary schooling. The QCAA awards a QCE in the following July or December, once a student becomes eligible. Learning accounts are closed after nine years; however, a student may apply to the QCAA to have the account reopened and all credit continued.

# Queensland Certificate of Individual Achievement (QCIA)

The Queensland Certificate of Individual Achievement (QCIA) reports the learning achievements of eligible students who complete an individual learning program. At the end of the senior phase of learning, eligible students achieve a QCIA. These students have the option of continuing to work towards a QCE post-secondary schooling.

# Senior subjects

The QCAA develops five types of senior subject syllabuses — Applied, General, General (Extension), General (Senior External Examination) and Short Course. Results in Applied and General subjects contribute to the award of a QCE and may contribute to an Australian Tertiary Admission Rank (ATAR) calculation, although no more than one result in an Applied subject can be used in the calculation of a student's ATAR.

Typically, it is expected that most students will complete these courses across Years 11 and 12. All subjects build on the P-10 Australian Curriculum.

For more information about specific subjects, schools, students and parents/carers are encouraged to access the relevant senior syllabuses at www.qcaa.qld.edu.au/senior/subjects-from-2024 and, for Senior External Examinations, www.qcaa.qld.edu.au/senior/see

# Applied and Applied (Essential) syllabuses

Applied subjects are suited to students who are primarily interested in pathways beyond senior secondary schooling that lead to vocational education and training or work.

# General syllabuses

General subjects are suited to students who are interested in pathways beyond senior secondary schooling that lead primarily to tertiary studies and to pathways for vocational education and training and work.

# General (Extension) syllabuses

Extension subjects are extensions of the related General subjects and are studied either concurrently with, or after, Units 3 and 4 of the related General course.

Extension courses offer more challenge than the related General courses and build on the studies students have already undertaken in the subject.

# Short Course syllabuses

Short Courses are developed to meet a specific curriculum need and are suited to students who are interested in pathways beyond senior secondary schooling that lead to vocational education and training and establish a basis for further education and employment.

# **Underpinning factors**

All senior syllabuses are underpinned by:

- literacy the set of knowledge and skills about language and texts essential for understanding and conveying content
- numeracy the knowledge, skills, behaviours and dispositions that students need to use
  mathematics in a wide range of situations, to recognise and understand the role of
  mathematics in the world, and to develop the dispositions and capacities to use mathematical
  knowledge and skills purposefully.

# Applied syllabuses

In addition to literacy and numeracy, Applied syllabuses are underpinned by:

- applied learning the acquisition and application of knowledge, understanding and skills in real-world or lifelike contexts
- community connections the awareness and understanding of life beyond school through authentic, real-world interactions by connecting classroom experience with the world outside the classroom
- 21st century skills the attributes and skills students need to prepare them for higher education, work and engagement in a complex and rapidly changing world. These include critical thinking, creative thinking, communication, collaboration and teamwork, personal and social skills, and digital literacy.
- core skills for work the set of knowledge, understanding and non-technical skills that underpin successful participation in work.

# General syllabuses and Short Courses

In addition to literacy and numeracy, General syllabuses and Short Courses are underpinned by:

 21st century skills — the attributes and skills students need to prepare them for higher education, work and engagement in a complex and rapidly changing world. These include critical thinking, creative thinking, communication, collaboration and teamwork, personal and social skills, and digital literacy.

# Vocational education and training (VET)

Students can access VET programs through the school if it:

- is a registered training organisation (RTO)
- has a third-party arrangement with an external provider who is an RTO
- offers opportunities for students to undertake school-based apprenticeships or traineeships.

# **QCE** eligibility

To receive a QCE, students must achieve 20 credits of learning, at the set standard, in a set pattern, while meeting literacy and numeracy requirements. Contributing courses of study include QCAA-developed subjects or courses, vocational education and training (VET) qualifications and other recognised courses. Typically, students will study six subjects/courses across Years 11 and 12. Many students choose to include vocational education and training (VET) courses in their QCE pathway and some may also wish to extend their learning through university courses or other recognised study. In some cases, students may start VET or other courses in Year 10.

Students can find more information about QCE eligibility requirements, example pathways and how to plan their QCE on the myQCE website at https://myqce.qcaa.qld.edu.au/your-qce-pathway/planning-your-pathway

# Australian Tertiary Admission Rank (ATAR) eligibility

The calculation of an Australian Tertiary Admission Rank (ATAR) will be based on a student's:

- best five General subject results or
- best results in a combination of four General subject results plus an Applied subject result or a Certificate III or higher VET qualification.

The Queensland Tertiary Admissions Centre (QTAC) has responsibility for ATAR calculations.

# **English requirement**

Eligibility for an ATAR will require satisfactory completion of **a QCAA English subject**. Satisfactory completion will require students to attain a result that is equivalent to a C Level of Achievement in one of five subjects — **English, Essential English, Literature, English and Literature Extension or English as an Additional Language.** 

While students must meet this standard to be eligible to receive an ATAR, it is **not** mandatory for a student's English result to be included in the calculation of their ATAR.

# General syllabuses

#### General syllabuses are developmental four-unit courses of study.

Units 1 and 2 provide foundational learning, allowing students to experience all syllabus objectives and begin engaging with the course subject matter. It is intended that Units 1 and 2 are studied as a pair. Assessment in Units 1 and 2 provides students with feedback on their progress in a course of study and contributes to the award of a QCE. Students should complete Units 1 and 2 before starting Units 3 and 4.

Units 3 and 4 consolidate student learning. Assessment in Units 3 and 4 is summative and student results contribute to the award of a QCE and to ATAR calculations.

# General (Extension) syllabuses

Extension subjects are extensions of the related General subjects and include external assessment. Extension subjects are studied either concurrently with, or after, Units 3 and 4 of the General course

of study. Extension syllabuses are courses of study that consist of two units (Units 3 and 4). Subject matter, learning experiences and assessment increase in complexity across the two units as students develop greater independence as learners.

The results from Units 3 and 4 contribute to the award of a QCE and to ATAR calculations.

#### Assessment

#### Units 1 and 2 assessments

Schools decide the sequence, scope and scale of assessments for Units 1 and 2. These assessments should reflect the local context. Teachers determine the assessment program, tasks and marking guides that are used to assess student performance for Units 1 and 2.

Units 1 and 2 assessment outcomes provide feedback to students on their progress in the course of study. Schools should develop at least two but no more than four assessments for Units 1 and 2. At least one assessment must be completed for each unit.

Schools report satisfactory completion of Units 1 and 2 to the QCAA and may choose to report levels of achievement to students and parents/carers using grades, descriptive statements or other indicators.

#### Units 3 and 4 assessments

Students complete a total of *four* summative assessments — three internal and one external — that count towards the overall subject result in each General subject. Schools develop *three* internal assessments for each senior subject to reflect the requirements described in Units 3 and 4 of each General syllabus.

The three summative internal assessments need to be endorsed by the QCAA before they are used in schools. Students' results in these assessments are externally confirmed by QCAA assessors. These confirmed results from internal assessment are combined with a single result from an external assessment, which is developed and marked by the QCAA. The external assessment result for a subject contributes to a determined percentage of a students' overall subject result. For most subjects this is 25%; for Mathematics and Science subjects it is 50%.

#### Instrument-specific marking guides

Each syllabus provides instrument-specific marking guides (ISMGs) for summative internal assessments.

The ISMGs describe the characteristics evident in student responses and align with the identified assessment objectives. Assessment objectives are drawn from the unit objectives and are contextualised for the requirements of the assessment instrument.

Schools cannot change or modify an ISMG for use with summative internal assessment. As part of quality teaching and learning, schools should discuss ISMGs with students to help them understand the requirements of an assessment task.

#### External assessment

External assessment is summative and adds valuable evidence of achievement to a student's profile.

#### External assessment is:

- common to all schools
- administered under the same conditions at the same time and on the same day
- developed and marked by the QCAA according to a commonly applied marking scheme.

The external assessment contributes a determined percentage (see specific subject guides — assessment) to the student's overall subject result and is not privileged over summative internal assessment.

# Applied syllabuses

#### Applied syllabuses are developmental four-unit courses of study.

Units 1 and 2 of the course are designed to allow students to begin their engagement with the course content, i.e. the knowledge, understanding and skills of the subject. Course content, learning experiences and assessment increase in complexity across the four units as students develop greater independence as learners.

Units 3 and 4 consolidate student learning. Results from assessment in Applied subjects contribute to the award of a QCE and results from Units 3 and 4 may contribute as a single input to ATAR calculation.

A course of study for Applied syllabuses includes core topics and elective areas for study.

#### Assessment

Applied syllabuses use four summative internal assessments from Units 3 and 4 to determine a student's exit result.

Schools should develop at least two but no more than four internal assessments for Units 1 and 2 and these assessments should provide students with opportunities to become familiar with the summative internal assessment techniques to be used for Units 3 and 4. Applied syllabuses do not use external assessment.

#### Instrument-specific standards matrixes

For each assessment instrument, schools develop an instrument-specific standards matrix by selecting the syllabus standards descriptors relevant to the task and the dimension/s being assessed. The matrix is shared with students and used as a tool for making judgments about the quality of students' responses to the instrument. Schools develop assessments to allow students to demonstrate the range of standards.

# Essential English and Essential Mathematics — Common internal assessment

Students complete a total of *four* summative internal assessments in Units 3 and 4 that count toward their overall subject result. Schools develop *three* of the summative internal assessments for each senior subject and the other summative assessment is a common internal assessment (CIA) developed by the QCAA.

The CIA for Essential English and Essential Mathematics is based on the learning described in Unit 3 of the respective syllabus. The CIA is:

- developed by the QCAA
- common to all schools
- delivered to schools by the QCAA
- administered flexibly in Unit 3
- administered under supervised conditions
- marked by the school according to a common marking scheme developed by the QCAA.

The CIA is not privileged over the other summative internal assessment.

Summative internal assessment — instrument-specific standards

The Essential English and Essential Mathematics syllabuses provide instrument-specific standards for the three summative internal assessments in Units 3 and 4.

The instrument-specific standards describe the characteristics evident in student responses and align with the identified assessment objectives. Assessment objectives are drawn from the unit objectives and are contextualised for the requirements of the assessment instrument.

# Senior External Examination syllabus

A Senior External Examination syllabus sets out the aims, objectives, learning experiences and assessment requirements for each of these subjects.

Results are based solely on students' demonstrated achievement in examinations. Work undertaken before an examination is not assessed.

The Senior External Examination is for:

- low candidature subjects not otherwise offered as a General subject in Queensland
- students in their final year of senior schooling who are unable to access particular subjects at their school
- adult students (people of any age not enrolled at a Queensland secondary school)
  - to meet tertiary entrance or employment requirements
  - for personal interest.

Senior External Examination results may contribute credit to the award of a QCE and contribute to ATAR calculations.

# Eligibility — school students

Eligible Year 12 students can sit a maximum of two SEE subject examinations in their Year 12 year of schooling.

Year 12 students wishing to register for SEEs must do so through their secondary school. The school principal will determine students' eligibility based on information from the QCAA.

#### Assessment

The Senior External Examination consists of individual subject examinations that are held once each year in Term 4. Important dates and the examination timetable are published in the Senior Education Profile (SEP) calendar, available at: www.qcaa.qld.edu.au/senior/certificates-and-qualifications/sep/sep-calendar/sep-calendar-search.

Results are based solely on students' demonstrated achievement in the examinations. Work undertaken before an examination is not assessed.

Note: Senior External Examinations (SEEs) are different from the external assessment component in General subjects in the new QCE system.

#### SUBJECTS OFFERED AT FERNY GROVE STATE HIGH SCHOOL

#### **Mathematics**

#### General

General Mathematics

Mathematical Methods

**Specialist Mathematics** 

#### **Applied – Essential**

**Essential Mathematics** 

#### **English**

#### General

English

Literature

#### **Applied - Essential**

**Essential English** 

#### **Technologies**

#### General

Design

Digital Solutions

Engineering

Food & Nutrition

#### **Applied**

**Building & Construction Skills** 

**Engineering Skills** 

Furnishing Skills

Industrial Graphics Skills

**Hospitality Practices** 

#### **Vocational Education**

Hospitality - Certificate II

Information Technology -Certificate III

#### **Health & Physical Education**

#### General

Accounting

**Humanities** 

**Ancient History** 

**Business** 

**Economics** 

Geography

Legal Studies

Modern History

#### **Applied**

Social & Community **Studies** 

**Tourism** 

#### **Vocational Education**

Business - Certificate III

#### General

Health

Physical Education

#### **Applied**

Sport & Recreation

#### **Vocational Education**

Fitness - Certificate III

Health Services Assistant -Certificate III

#### Languages

German

German Extension

Indonesian

#### Science

#### General

Agricultural Science

Biology

Chemistry

**Physics** 

Psychology

#### **Applied**

**Agricultural Practices** 

Science in Practice

#### The Arts

#### General

Drama

Music

Music Extension (Composition)

Music Extension (Performance)

Visual Art

#### **Applied**

Visuals Arts in Practice

#### **Vocational Education**

Dance – Certificate II

# PRE-REQUISITES FOR GENERAL SUBJECTS 2025

To ensure students are successful with Senior General Subjects the following prerequisites must be met. Students must demonstrate the identified standard/s on their Year 10 Semester 1 Reports.

GENERAL SUBJECT	Pre-Requisites			
MATHEMATICS				
General Mathematics	Year 10 Pre General - C or higher			
Mathematical Methods	Year 10 Pre Methods - B or higher			
Specialist Mathematics (must be studied in conjunction with Mathematical Methods)	Year 10 Pre Methods - B or higher			
	English			
English	Year 10 English - Minimum C however B recommended			
Literature	Year 10 English - Minimum C however B recommended			
HUMANITIES SUBJECTS - (LAW AND YO	U, ANCIENT HISTORY, EXTREME GEOGRAPHY, MODERN HISTORY, ECONOMICS AND YOU)			
Accounting	Year 10 Business <b>OR</b> Year 10 English - C or higher			
Ancient History	Year 10 Humanities <b>OR</b> Year 10 English - C or higher			
Business	Year 10 Business <b>OR</b> Year 10 English - C or higher			
Economics	Year 10 Humanities <b>OR</b> Year 10 English - C or higher			
Geography	Year 10 Humanities <b>OR</b> Year 10 English - C or higher			
Legal Studies	Year 10 Humanities <b>OR</b> Year 10 English - C or higher			
Modern History	Year 10 Humanities <b>OR</b> Year 10 English - C or higher			
	Technologies			
Design	Year 10 Design <b>OR</b> Year 10 English - C or higher			
Digital Solutions	Year 10 Information Technology <b>OR</b> Year 10 Mathematics - C or higher			
Engineering	Year 10 Mathematics - B or higher or Year 10 Mathematics Extension C or higher			
Food & Nutrition	Year 10 Food & Nutrition <b>OR</b> Year 10 English - C or higher			
	HEALTH & PHYSICAL EDUCATION			
Health	Year 10 HPE - B or higher <b>OR</b> Year 10 English - C or higher			
	Year 10 HPE - B or higher <b>OR</b> Year 10 English - C or higher			
Physical Education Year 10 HPE - B or higher <b>OR</b> Year 10 English - C or higher  Science				
A swip why wal Caiana a	Year 10 Science - C or higher <b>and</b>			
Agricultural Science	Year 10 English OR Year 10 Humanities - C or higher Recommended Year 10 Maths - C or higher			
	Year 10 Science - C or higher <b>and</b>			
Biology	Year 10 English OR Year 10 Humanities - C or higher			
	Recommended Year 10 Maths - C or higher			
Chemistry	Year 10 Science - B or higher <b>and</b>			
(Recommended to be studied in conjunction	Year 10 English OR Year 10 Humanities - C or higher <b>and</b>			
with Mathematical Methods)	Year 10 Mathematics - B or higher, Extension - C or higher			
Physics	Year 10 Science - B or higher <b>and</b>			
(Recommended to be studied in conjunction with Mathematical Methods)	Year 10 English OR Year 10 Humanities - C or higher <b>and</b>			
wiiii Mainemalical Memoasj	Year 10 Mathematics - B or higher, Extension - C or higher  Year 10 Science - C or higher <b>and</b>			
Psychology	Year 10 English <b>OR</b> Year 10 Humanities - C or higher			
1 3 9 6 11 6 10 6 9 9	Recommended Year 10 Maths - C or higher			
	LANGUAGES			
Indonesian	Year 10 Indonesian – C or higher			
German	Year 10 German – C or higher			
German Extension (Units 3 & 4 only) Year 12	Year 11 German or German Acceleration - B or higher			
	THE ARTS			
Drama	Year 10 Drama OR Year 10 English - C or higher			
	Year 10 Music <b>OR</b> Year 10 English - C or higher <b>and</b>			
Music	an interview process to determine music experience.			
Music Extension (Units 3 & 4 only) Year 12	Year 11 Music – B or higher <b>and</b> an interview/audition process to determine music experience and ability.			
Visual Art				
Visual Art	Year 10 Art <b>OR</b> Year 10 English – C or higher			

# **Mathematics**



# General Mathematics

General senior subject



General Mathematics' major domains are Number and algebra, Measurement and geometry, Statistics, and Networks and matrices, building on the content of the P–10 Australian Curriculum.

General Mathematics is designed for students who want to extend their mathematical skills beyond Year 10 but whose future studies or employment pathways do not require calculus.

Students build on and develop key mathematical ideas, including rates and percentages, concepts from financial mathematics, linear and non-linear expressions, sequences, the use of matrices and networks to model and solve authentic problems, the use of trigonometry to find solutions to practical problems, and the exploration of real-world phenomena in statistics.

Students engage in a practical approach that equips learners for their needs as future citizens. They learn to ask appropriate questions, map out pathways, reason about complex solutions, set up models and communicate in different forms. They experience the relevance of mathematics to their daily lives, communities and cultural backgrounds. They develop the ability to understand, analyse and take action regarding social issues in their world.

#### Pathways

A course of study in General Mathematics can establish a basis for further education and employment in the fields of business, commerce, education, finance, IT, social science and the arts.

# Objectives

- recall mathematical knowledge
- use mathematical knowledge
- communicate mathematical knowledge
- evaluate the reasonableness of solutions
- justify procedures and decisions
- solve mathematical problems

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
Money, measurement, algebra and linear equations  Consumer arithmetic  Shape and measurement  Similarity and scale  Algebra  Linear equations and their graphs	Applications of linear equations and trigonometry, matrices and univariate data analysis  • Applications of linear equations and their graphs  • Applications of trigonometry  • Matrices  • Univariate data analysis 1  • Univariate data analysis 2	Bivariate data and time series analysis, sequences and Earth geometry  Bivariate data analysis 1 Bivariate data analysis 2 Time series analysis Growth and decay in sequences Earth geometry and time zones	Investing and networking  Loans, investments and annuities 1  Loans, investments and annuities 2  Graphs and networks  Networks and decision mathematics 1  Networks and decision mathematics 2

#### Assessment

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete four summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

#### **Summative** assessments

Unit 3			
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1):  • Problem-solving and modelling task	20%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3):  • Examination	15%
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2): • Examination	15%		
Summative external assessment (EA): 50%  • Examination			

#### **Associated Costs**

Continued use of Scientific Calculator.

# Mathematical Methods General senior subject



Mathematical Methods' major domains are Algebra, Functions, relations and their graphs, Calculus and Statistics.

Mathematical Methods enables students to see the connections between mathematics and other areas of the curriculum and apply their mathematical skills to real-world problems, becoming critical thinkers, innovators and problem-solvers.

Students learn topics that are developed systematically, with increasing levels of sophistication, complexity and connection, and build on algebra, functions and their graphs, and probability from the P–10 Australian Curriculum. Calculus is essential for developing an understanding of the physical world. The domain Statistics is used to describe and analyse phenomena involving uncertainty and variation. Both are the basis for developing effective models of the world and solving complex and abstract mathematical problems.

Students develop the ability to translate written, numerical, algebraic, symbolic and graphical information from one representation to another. They make complex use of factual knowledge to successfully formulate, represent and solve mathematical problems.

#### **Pathways**

A course of study in Mathematical Methods can establish a basis for further education and employment in the fields of natural and physical sciences (especially physics and chemistry), mathematics and science education, medical and health sciences (including human biology, biomedical science, nanoscience and forensics), engineering (including chemical, civil, electrical and mechanical engineering, avionics, communications and mining), computer science (including electronics and software design), psychology and business.

# Objectives

- recall mathematical knowledge
- use mathematical knowledge
- communicate mathematical knowledge
- evaluate the reasonableness of solutions
- justify procedures and decisions
- solve mathematical problems

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
Surds, algebra, functions and probability  Surds and quadratic functions  Binomial expansion and cubic functions  Functions and relations  Trigonometric functions  Probability	Calculus and further functions  Exponential functions  Logarithms and logarithmic functions  Introduction to differential calculus  Applications of differential calculus  Further differentiation	Further calculus and introduction to statistics  Differentiation of exponential and logarithmic functions  Differentiation of trigonometric functions and differentiation rules  Further applications of differentiation  Introduction to integration  Discrete random variables	Further calculus, trigonometry and statistics  • Further integration  • Trigonometry  • Continuous random variables and the normal distribution  • Sampling and proportions  • Interval estimates for proportions

#### Assessment

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete four summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

#### **Summative assessments**

Unit 3	3		
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1):  • Problem-solving and modelling task	20%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3):  • Examination	15%
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2): • Examination	15%		
Summative external assessment (EA): 50%  • Examination			

#### **Associated Costs**

TI-84 Plus CE Graphing Calculator, costing approximately \$195.

# Specialist Mathematics General senior subject



Specialist Mathematics' major domains are Vectors and matrices, Real and complex numbers, Trigonometry, Statistics and Calculus.

Specialist Mathematics is designed for students who develop confidence in their mathematical knowledge and ability, and gain a positive view of themselves as mathematics learners. They will gain an appreciation of the true nature of mathematics, its beauty and its power.

Students learn topics that are developed systematically, with increasing levels of sophistication, complexity and connection, building on functions, calculus, statistics from Mathematical Methods, while vectors, complex numbers and matrices are introduced. Functions and calculus are essential for creating models of the physical world. Statistics are used to describe and analyse phenomena involving probability, uncertainty and variation. Matrices, complex numbers and vectors are essential tools for explaining abstract or complex relationships that occur in scientific and technological endeavours.

Student learning experiences range from practising essential mathematical routines to developing procedural fluency, through to investigating scenarios, modelling the real world, solving problems and explaining reasoning.

#### Pathways

A course of study in Specialist Mathematics can establish a basis for further education and employment in the fields of science, all branches of mathematics and statistics, computer science, medicine, engineering, finance and economics.

# Objectives

- recall mathematical knowledge
- use mathematical knowledge
- communicate mathematical knowledge
- evaluate the reasonableness of solutions
- justify procedures and decisions
- solve mathematical problems

Specialist Mathematics is to be undertaken in conjunction with, or on completion of, Mathematical Methods.

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
Combinatorics, proof, vectors and matrices  Combinatorics  Introduction to proof  Vectors in the plane  Algebra of vectors in two dimensions  Matrices.	Complex numbers, further proof, trigonometry, functions and transformations  Complex numbers  Complex arithmetic and algebra  Circle and geometric proofs.  Trigonometry and functions  Matrices and transformations.	Further complex numbers, proof, vectors and matrices  • Further complex numbers  • Mathematical induction and trigonometric proofs  • Vectors in two and three dimensions  • Vector calculus  • Further matrices.	Further calculus and statistical inference  Integration techniques  Applications of integral calculus  Rates of change and differential equations  Modelling motion  Statistical inference

#### Assessment

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete four summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

#### **Summative assessments**

Unit 3		Unit 4	
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1):  • Problem-solving and modelling task	20%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3):  • Examination	15%
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2): • Examination	15%		
Summative external assessment (EA): 50% • Examination			

#### **Associated Costs**

TI-84 Plus CE Graphing Calculator, costing approximately \$195. This is the same calculator required for Mathematical Methods.

# Essential Mathematics Applied senior subject



Essential Mathematics' major domains are Number, Data, Location and time, Measurement and Finance.

Essential Mathematics benefits students because they develop skills that go beyond the traditional ideas of numeracy.

Students develop their conceptual understanding when they undertake tasks that require them to connect mathematical concepts, operations and relations. They learn to recognise definitions, rules and facts from everyday mathematics and data, and to calculate using appropriate mathematical processes.

Students interpret and use mathematics to make informed predictions and decisions about personal and financial priorities. This is achieved through an emphasis on estimation, problem-solving and reasoning, which develops students into thinking citizens.

#### Pathways

A course of study in Essential Mathematics can establish a basis for further education and employment in the fields of trade, industry, business and community services. Students learn within a practical context related to general employment and successful participation in society, drawing on the mathematics used by various professional and industry groups.

# Objectives

- recall mathematical knowledge
- use mathematical knowledge
- communicate mathematical knowledge
- evaluate the reasonableness of solutions
- justify procedures and decisions
- solve mathematical problems

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
Number, data and money  • Fundamental topic: Calculations  • Number  • Representing data  • Managing money	Data and travel Fundamental topic: Calculations Data collection Graphs Time and motion	Measurement, scales and chance  • Fundamental topic: Calculations  • Measurement  • Scales, plans and models  • Probability and relative frequencies	Graphs, data and loans  • Fundamental topic: Calculations  • Bivariate graphs  • Summarising and comparing data  • Loans and compound interest

#### Assessment

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete four summative assessments. Schools develop three summative internal assessments and the common internal assessment (CIA) is developed by the QCAA.

#### **Summative assessments**

Unit 3	Unit 4
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1):  • Problem-solving and modelling task	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3):  • Problem-solving and modelling task
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2):  • Common internal assessment (CIA)	Summative internal assessment (IA4): • Examination

#### **Associated Costs**

Continued use of Scientific Calculator.

# **English**



General senior subject



English focuses on the study of both literary texts and non-literary texts, developing students as independent, innovative and creative learners and thinkers who appreciate the aesthetic use of language, analyse perspectives and evidence, and challenge ideas and interpretations through the analysis and creation of varied texts.

Students are offered opportunities to interpret and create texts for personal, cultural, social and aesthetic purposes. They learn how language varies according to context, purpose and audience, content, modes and mediums, and how to use it appropriately and effectively for a variety of purposes. Students have opportunities to engage with diverse texts to help them develop a sense of themselves, their world and their place in it.

Students communicate effectively in Standard Australian English for the purposes of responding to and creating texts. They make choices about generic structures, language, textual features and technologies for participating actively in literary analysis and the creation of texts in a range of modes, mediums and forms, for a variety of purposes and audiences. They explore how literary and non-literary texts shape perceptions of the world, and consider ways in which texts may reflect or challenge social and cultural ways of thinking and influence audiences.

#### Pathways

A course of study in English promotes open-mindedness, imagination, critical awareness and intellectual flexibility — skills that prepare students for local and global citizenship, and for lifelong learning across a wide range of contexts.

# Objectives

- use patterns and conventions of genres to achieve particular purposes in cultural contexts and social situations
- establish and maintain roles of the writer/speaker/signer/designer and relationships with audiences
- create and analyse perspectives and representations of concepts, identities, times and places
- make use of and analyse the ways cultural assumptions, attitudes, values and beliefs underpin texts and invite audiences to take up positions
- use aesthetic features and stylistic devices to achieve purposes and analyse their effects in texts
- select and synthesise subject matter to support perspectives
- organise and sequence subject matter to achieve particular purposes
- use cohesive devices to emphasise ideas and connect parts of texts
- make language choices for particular purposes and contexts
- use grammar and language structures for particular purposes
- use mode-appropriate features to achieve particular purposes

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
Perspectives and texts	<ul> <li>Texts and culture</li> <li>Texts in contexts</li> <li>Language and textual analysis</li> <li>Responding to and creating texts</li> </ul>	Conversations about issues in texts     Conversations about concepts in texts	Close study of literary texts  • Creative responses to literary texts  • Critical responses to literary texts

#### Assessment

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete four summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

#### **Summative assessments**

Unit 3		Unit 4		
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1):  • Extended response — persuasive spoken response	25%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3):  • Examination – extended response	25%	
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2):  • Extended response — written response for a public audience	25%	Summative external assessment (EA):  • Examination — extended response	25%	

#### **Associated Costs**

Shakespearean performance at school in Unit 4. Approximate cost \$10

# Literature General senior subject



Literature focuses on the study of literary texts, developing students as independent, innovative and creative learners and thinkers who appreciate the aesthetic use of language, analyse perspectives and evidence, and challenge ideas and interpretations through the analysis and creation of varied literary texts.

Students engage with language and texts through a range of teaching and learning experiences to foster the skills to communicate effectively. They make choices about generic structures, language, textual features and technologies to participate actively in the dialogue and detail of literary analysis and the creation of imaginative and analytical texts in a range of modes, mediums and forms.

Students explore how literary texts shape perceptions of the world and enable us to enter the worlds of others. They explore ways in which literary texts may reflect or challenge social and cultural ways of thinking and influence audiences.

#### **Pathways**

A course of study in Literature promotes open-mindedness, imagination, critical awareness and intellectual flexibility — skills that prepare students for local and global citizenship, and for lifelong learning across a wide range of contexts.

# Objectives

- use patterns and conventions of genres to achieve particular purposes in cultural contexts and social situations
- establish and maintain roles of the writer/speaker/signer/designer and relationships with audiences
- create and analyse perspectives and representations of concepts, identities, times and places
- make use of and analyse the ways cultural assumptions, attitudes, values and beliefs underpin texts and invite audiences to take up positions
- use aesthetic features and stylistic devices to achieve purposes and analyse their effects in texts
- select and synthesise subject matter to support perspectives
- organise and sequence subject matter to achieve particular purposes
- use cohesive devices to emphasise ideas and connect parts of texts
- make language choices for particular purposes and contexts
- use grammar and language structures for particular purposes
- use mode-appropriate features to achieve particular purposes.

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
Introduction to literary studies  • Ways literary texts are received and responded to  • How textual choices affect readers  • Creating analytical and imaginative texts	Texts and culture  Ways literary texts connect with each other — genre, concepts and contexts  Ways literary texts connect with each other — style and structure  Creating analytical and imaginative texts	Relationship     between language,     culture and identity     in literary texts     Power of language     to represent ideas,     events and people     Creating analytical     and imaginative     texts	Independent explorations  Dynamic nature of literary interpretation  Close examination of style, structure and subject matter  Creating analytical and imaginative texts

#### Assessment

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete four summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

#### **Summative** assessments

Unit 3		Unit 4		
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1):  • Examination — extended response	25%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3):  • Extended response — imaginative written response	25%	
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2):  • Extended response — imaginative spoken/multimodal response	25%	Summative external assessment (EA):  • Examination — extended response	25%	

# Essential English Applied senior subject



Essential English develops and refines students' understanding of language, literature and literacy to enable them to interact confidently and effectively with others in everyday, community and social contexts. Students recognise language and texts as relevant in their lives now and in the future and learn to understand, accept or challenge the values and attitudes in these texts.

Students engage with language and texts to foster skills to communicate confidently and effectively in Standard Australian English in a variety of contemporary contexts and social situations, including everyday, social, community, further education and work-related contexts. They choose generic structures, language, language features and technologies to best convey meaning. They develop skills to read for meaning and purpose, and to use, critique and appreciate a range of contemporary literary and non-literary texts.

Students use language effectively to produce texts for a variety of purposes and audiences and engage creative and imaginative thinking to explore their own world and the worlds of others. They actively and critically interact with a range of texts, developing an awareness of how the language they engage with positions them and others.

#### Pathways

A course of study in Essential English promotes open-mindedness, imagination, critical awareness and intellectual flexibility — skills that prepare students for local and global citizenship, and for lifelong learning across a wide range of contexts.

# Objectives

By the conclusion of the course of study, students will:

- use patterns and conventions of genres to suit particular purposes and audiences
- use appropriate roles and relationships with audiences
- construct and explain representations of identities, places, events and concepts
- make use of and explain opinions and/or ideas in texts, according to purpose
- explain how language features and text structures shape meaning and invite particular responses
- select and use subject matter to support perspectives
- sequence subject matter and use mode-appropriate cohesive devices to construct coherent texts
- make language choices according to register informed by purpose, audience and context
- use mode-appropriate language features to achieve particular purposes across modes.

#### Structure

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
Language that works  Responding to texts  Creating texts	Texts and human experiences  Responding to texts  Creating texts	Language that influences  Creating and shaping perspectives on community, local and global issues in texts  Responding to texts that seek to influence audiences	Representations and popular culture texts  Responding to popular culture texts  Creating representations of Australian identifies, places, events and concepts

#### Assessment

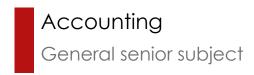
Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete four summative assessments. Schools develop three summative internal assessments and the common internal assessment (CIA) is developed by the QCAA.

#### Summative assessments

Unit 3	Unit 4
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1):  • Extended response — spoken/signed response	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3):  • Extended response — Multimodal response (spoken)
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2):  • Common internal assessment (CIA)	Summative internal assessment (IA4):  • Extended response — Written response

# **Humanities**





Accounting provides opportunities for students to develop an understanding of the essential role of organising, analysing and communicating financial data and information in the successful performance of any organisation.

Students learn fundamental accounting concepts in order to understand accrual accounting and managerial and accounting controls, preparing internal financial reports, ratio analysis and interpretation of internal and external financial reports. They synthesise financial data and other information, evaluate accounting practices, solve authentic accounting problems, make decisions and communicate recommendations.

Students develop numerical, literacy, technical, financial, critical thinking, decision-making and problem-solving skills. They develop an understanding of the ethical attitudes and values required to participate effectively and responsibly in a changing business environment.

# **Pathways**

A course of study in Accounting can establish a basis for further education and employment in the fields of accounting, business, management, banking, finance, law, economics and commerce.

# **Objectives**

- comprehend accounting concepts, principles and processes
- synthesise accounting principles and processes
- analyse and interpret financial data and information
- evaluate practices of financial management to make decisions and propose recommendations
- create responses that communicate meaning

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
Introduction to accounting     Accounting     Accounting for today's businesses	Financial Report  End-of-period reporting for today's businesses  Performance analysis of a sole trader business	Managing resources  Cash management  Managing resources for a sole trader business	Accounting — the big picture  • Fully classified financial statement reporting and analysis for a sole trader business  • Complete accounting process for a sole trader business  • Performance analysis of a public company

#### Assessment

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete four summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

#### **Summative assessments**

Unit 3		Unit 4	
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1):  • Project — cash management	25%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3):  • Examination — combination response (25%)	25%
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2): • Examination — combination response	25%	Summative external assessment (EA):  • Examination — combination response (25%)	25%

#### **Associated Costs**

In Year 11 students will participate in the Ecoman Program, which lasts 3 days, for the approximate cost of \$90.

Participation with the Year 12 Accounting Competition has an approximate cost of \$10.00

# **Ancient History**

# General senior subject



Ancient History provides opportunities for students to study people, societies and civilisations of the past, from the development of the earliest human communities to the end of the Middle Ages. Students explore the interaction of societies, and the impact of individuals and groups on ancient events and ways of life, and study the development of some features of modern society, such as social organisation, systems of law, governance and religion.

Students analyse and interpret archaeological and written evidence. They develop increasingly sophisticated skills and understandings of historical issues and problems by interrogating the surviving evidence of ancient sites, societies, individuals and significant historical periods. They investigate the problematic nature of evidence, pose increasingly complex questions about the past and formulate reasoned responses.

Students gain multi-disciplinary skills in analysing textual and visual sources, constructing arguments, challenging assumptions, and thinking both creatively and critically.

#### Pathways

A course of study in Ancient History can establish a basis for further education and employment in the fields of archaeology, history, education, psychology, sociology, law, business, economics, politics, journalism, the media, health and social sciences, writing, academia and research.

# Objectives

- devise historical questions and conduct research
- comprehend terms, concepts and issues
- analyse evidence from historical sources
- evaluate evidence from historical sources
- synthesise evidence from historical sources
- communicate to suit purpose

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
Investigating the Ancient World  • Digging up the past  • Features of ancient societies	Personalities in their time  • Personality from the Ancient World 1  • Personality from the Ancient World 2	Reconstructing the Ancient World Schools select two of the following historical periods to study in this unit:  Thebes — East and West, from the 18th to the 20th Dynasty The Bronze Age Aegean  Assyria from Tiglath Pileser III to the fall of the Empire  The Ancient Levant — First and Second Temple Period  Persia from Cyrus II to Darius III  Fifth Century Athens (BCE)  Macedonian Empire from Philip II to Alexander III  Rome during the Republic  Early Imperial Rome from Augustus to Nero  Pompeii and Herculaneum  Later Han Dynasty and the Three Kingdoms  The Celts and/or Roman Britain  The Medieval Crusades  Classical Japan until the end of the Heian Period	People, power and authority Schools select one of the following historical periods to study in this unit:  • Ancient Egypt — New Kingdom Imperialism  • Ancient Greece — the Persian Wars  • Ancient Greece — the Peloponnesian War  • Ancient Carthage and/or Rome — the Punic Wars  • Ancient Rome — Civil War and the breakdown of the Republic  • Ancient Rome — the Augustan Age  • Ancient Rome — the fall of the Western Roman Empire  • Ancient Rome — the Byzantine Empire  • Schools select one of the personality options that has been nominated by the QCAA for the external assessment. Schools will be notified of the options at least two years before the external assessment is implemented.

#### Assessment

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete four summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

#### **Summative assessments**

Unit 3		Unit 4	
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1):  • Examination — extended response	25%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3):  • Investigation	25%
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2): • Investigation	25%	Summative external assessment (EA):  • Examination — short responses	25%

#### **Business**

# General senior subject



Business provides opportunities for students to develop business knowledge and skills to contribute meaningfully to society, the workforce and the marketplace and prepares them as potential employees, employers, leaders, managers and entrepreneurs.

Students investigate the business life cycle, develop skills in examining business data and information and learn business concepts, theories, processes and strategies relevant to leadership, management and entrepreneurship. They investigate the influence of, and implications for, strategic development in the functional areas of finance, human resources, marketing and operations.

Students use a variety of technological, communication and analytical tools to comprehend, analyse, interpret and synthesise business data and information. They engage with the dynamic business world (in both national and global contexts), the changing workforce and emerging digital technologies.

#### **Pathways**

A course of study in Business can establish a basis for further education and employment in the fields of business management, business development, entrepreneurship, business analytics, economics, business law, accounting and finance, international business, marketing, human resources management and business information systems.

# **Objectives**

- describe business situations and environments
- explain business concepts and strategies
- analyse and interpret business situations
- evaluate business strategies
- · create responses that communicate meaning to suit audience, context and purpose

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
Business creation  Fundamentals of business  Creation of business ideas	Business growth  Establishment of a business  Entering markets	Business diversification  Competitive markets Strategic development	Business evolution     Repositioning a business     Transformation of a business

#### Assessment

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete four summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

#### **Summative assessments**

Unit 3		Unit 4		
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1):  • Examination — combination response	25%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3):  • Feasibility Report - Extended response	25%	
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2):  • Business Report - Investigation	25%	Summative external assessment (EA):  • Examination — combination response	25%	

#### **Associated Costs**

Excursion – approximate cost \$50

# **Economics**

# General senior subject



Economics encourages students to think deeply about the global challenges facing individuals, business and government, including how to allocate and distribute scarce resources to maximise well-being.

Students develop knowledge and cognitive skills to comprehend, apply analytical processes and use economic knowledge. They examine data and information to determine validity, and consider economic policies from various perspectives. They use economic models and analytical tools to investigate and evaluate outcomes to draw conclusions.

Students study opportunity costs, economic models and the market forces of demand and supply. They dissect and interpret the complex nature of international economic relationships and the dynamics of Australia's place in the global economy. They develop intellectual flexibility, digital literacy and economic thinking skills.

#### Pathways

A course of study in Economics can establish a basis for further education and employment in the fields of economics, econometrics, management, data analytics, business, accounting, finance, actuarial science, law and political science.

Economics is an excellent complement for students who want to solve real-world science or environmental problems and participate in government policy debates. It provides a competitive advantage for career options where students are aiming for management roles and developing their entrepreneurial skills to create business opportunities as agents of innovation.

# Objectives

- comprehend economic concepts, principles and models
- analyse economic issues
- evaluate economic outcomes
- create responses that communicate economic meaning to suit the intended purpose

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
Markets and models  The basic economic problem  Economic flows  Market forces	Modified markets  Markets and efficiency  Case options of market measures and strategies	International economics • International trade • Global economic issues	Contemporary macroeconomics  Macroeconomic objectives and theory Economic indicators and past budget stances Economic management

#### Assessment

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete four summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

#### **Summative assessments**

Unit 3		Unit 4	
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1):  • Examination — combination response	25%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3):  • Examination — extended response to stimulus	25%
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2): • Investigation — research report	25%	Summative external assessment (EA):  • Examination — combination response	25%

## Geography

## General senior subject



Geography focuses on the significance of 'place' and 'space' in understanding our world. Students engage in a range of learning experiences that develop their geographical skills and thinking through the exploration of geographical challenges and their effects on people, places and the environment.

Students investigate places in Australia and across the globe to observe and measure spatial, environmental, economic, political, social and cultural factors. They interpret global concerns and challenges including responding to risk in hazard zones, planning sustainable places, managing land cover transformations and planning for population change. They develop an understanding of the complexities involved in sustainable planning and management practices.

Students observe, gather, organise, analyse and present data and information across a range of scales. They engage in real-world applications of geographical skills and thinking, including the collection and representation of data.

#### Pathways

A course of study in Geography can establish a basis for further education and employment in the fields of urban and environmental design, planning and management; biological and environmental science; conservation and land management; emergency response and hazard management; oceanography, surveying, global security, economics, business, law, engineering, architecture, information technology, and science.

## Objectives

- explain geographical processes
- comprehend geographic patterns
- analyse geographical data and information
- · apply geographical understanding
- purpose action
- communicate geographical understanding using appropriate forms of geographical communication

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
Responding to risk and vulnerability in hazard zones  Natural hazard zones  Ecological hazard zones	Planning sustainable places  Responding to challenges facing a place in Australia  Managing challenges facing a megacity	Responding to land cover transformations  • Land cover transformations and climate change  • Responding to local land cover transformations	Managing population change  • Population challenges in Australia • Global population change

#### Assessment

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete four summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

#### **Summative assessments**

Unit 3		Unit 4	
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1):  • Examination — combination response	25%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3):  • Investigation — data report	25%
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2):  • Investigation — field report	25%	Summative external assessment (EA):  • Examination — combination response	25%

## Legal Studies

## General senior subject



Legal Studies focuses on the interaction between society and the discipline of law and explores the role and development of law in response to current issues. Students study the legal system and how it regulates activities and aims to protect the rights of individuals, while balancing these with obligations and responsibilities.

Students study the foundations of law, the criminal justice process and the civil justice system. They critically examine issues of governance, explore contemporary issues of law reform and change, and consider Australian and international human rights issues.

Students develop skills of inquiry, critical thinking, problem-solving and reasoning to make informed and ethical decisions and recommendations. They identify and describe legal issues, explore information and data, analyse, evaluate to make decisions or propose recommendations, and create responses that convey legal meaning. They question, explore and discuss tensions between changing social values, justice and equitable outcomes.

#### Pathways

A course of study in Legal Studies can establish a basis for further education and employment in the fields of law, law enforcement, criminology, justice studies and politics. The knowledge, skills and attitudes students gain are transferable to all discipline areas and post-schooling tertiary pathways. The research and analytical skills this course develops are universally valued in business, health, science and engineering industries.

## Objectives

- comprehend legal concepts, principles and processes
- select legal information from sources
- analyse legal issues
- evaluate legal situations
- create responses that communicate meaning to suit the intended purpose

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
Beyond reasonable doubt  • Legal foundations  • Criminal investigation process  • Criminal trial process  • Punishment and	Balance of probabilities  Civil law foundations  Contractual obligations  Negligence and the duty of care	Law, governance and change  • Governance in Australia  • Law reform within a dynamic society	Human rights in legal contexts  • Human rights  • Australia's legal response to international law and human rights  • Human rights in Australian contexts

#### Assessment

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete four summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

#### Summative assessments

Unit 3		Unit 4	
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1):  • Examination — combination response	25%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3):  • Investigation — analytical essay	25%
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2):  • Investigation — inquiry report	25%	Summative external assessment (EA):  • Examination — combination response	25%

## Modern History

## General senior subject



Modern History provides opportunities for students to gain historical knowledge and understanding about some of the main forces that have contributed to the development of the Modern World and to think historically and form a historical consciousness in relation to these same forces.

Modern History enables students to empathise with others and make meaningful connections between the past, present and possible futures.

Students learn that the past is contestable and tentative. Through inquiry into ideas, movements, national experiences and international experiences they discover how the past consists of various perspectives and interpretations.

Students gain a range of transferable skills that will help them become empathetic and critically-literate citizens who are equipped to embrace a multicultural, pluralistic, inclusive, democratic, compassionate and sustainable future.

#### Pathways

A course of study in Modern History can establish a basis for further education and employment in the fields of history, education, psychology, sociology, law, business, economics, politics, journalism, the media, writing, academia and strategic analysis.

#### Objectives

- devise historical questions and conduct research
- comprehend terms, concepts and issues
- analyse evidence from historical sources
- evaluate evidence from historical sources
- synthesise evidence from historical sources
- communicate to suit purpose

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
Ideas in the Modern World  Schools select two of the following topics to study in this unit:  • Australian Frontier Wars, 1788–1930s  • Age of Enlightenment, 1750s–1789  • Industrial Revolution, 1760s–1890s  • American Revolution, 1763–1783  • French Revolution, 1789–1799  • Age of Imperialism, 1848–1914  • Meiji Restoration, 1868–1912  • Boxer Rebellion and its aftermath, 1900–1911  • Russian Revolution, 1905–1920s  • Xinhai Revolution and its aftermath, 1911–1916  • Iranian Revolution and its aftermath, 1977–1980s  • Arab Spring since 2010  • Alternative topic for Unit 1	Movements in the Modern World Schools select two of the following topics to study in this unit:  • Empowerment of First Nations Australians since 1938 • Independence movement in India, 1857–1947 • Workers' movement since the 1860s • Women's movement since 1893 • May Fourth Movement in China and its aftermath, 1919–1930s • Independence movement in Algeria, 1945–1962 • Independence movement in Vietnam, 1945–1975 • Anti-apartheid movement in South Africa, 1948–1991 • African-American civil rights movement since 1954 • Environmental movement since 1960s • LGBTQIA+ civil rights movement in Myanmar (Burma) since 1988 • Alternative topic for Unit 2	National experiences in the Modern World Schools select two of the following topics to study in this unit:  Australia since 1901  United Kingdom since 1901  France, 1799–1815  New Zealand since 1841  Germany since 1914  United States of America, 1917– 1945  Soviet Union, 1920s–1945  Japan since 1931  China since 1931  Indonesia since 1942  India since 1947  Israel since 1917  South Korea since 1948	International experiences in the Modern World Schools select one of the following topics to study in this unit:  • Australian engagement with Asia since 1945 • Search for collective peace and security since 1815 • Trade and commerce between nations since 1833 • Mass migrations since 1848 • Information Age since 1936 • Genocides and ethnic cleansings since the 1930s • Nuclear Age since 1945 • Cold War and its aftermath, 1945–2014 • Struggle for peace in the Middle East since 1948 • Cultural globalisation since 1956 • Space exploration since the 1950s • Rights and recognition of First Peoples since 1982 • Terrorism, anti-terrorism and counter-terrorism since 1984  Schools select one of the topic options that has been nominated by the QCAA for the external assessment and has not been studied in Topic 1. Schools will be notified of the topic options at least two years before the external assessment is implemented

#### Assessment

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete four summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

#### **Summative assessments**

Unit 3		Unit 4	
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1): • Examination — extended response	25%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3): • Investigation	25%
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2): • Investigation	25%	Summative external assessment (EA):  • Examination — short response	25%

# Social and Community Studies Applied senior subject



Social & Community Studies fosters personal and social knowledge and skills that lead to self-management and concern for others in the broader community. It empowers students to think critically, creatively and constructively about their future role in society.

Knowledge and skills to enhance personal development and social relationships provide the foundation of the subject. Personal development incorporates concepts and skills related to self-awareness and self-management, including understanding personal characteristics, behaviours and values; recognising perspectives; analysing personal traits and abilities; and using strategies to develop and maintain wellbeing.

The focus on social relationships includes concepts and skills to assist students engage in constructive interpersonal relationships, as well as participate effectively as members of society, locally, nationally or internationally.

Students engage with this foundational knowledge and skills through a variety of topics that focus on lifestyle choices, personal finance, health, employment, technology, the arts, and Australia's place in the world, among others. In collaborative learning environments, students use an inquiry approach to investigate the dynamics of society and the benefits of working thoughtfully with others in the community, providing them with the knowledge and skills to establish positive relationships and networks, and to be active and informed citizens.

Social & Community Studies encourages students to explore and refine personal values and lifestyle choices. In partnership with families, the school community and the community beyond school, including virtual communities, schools may offer a range of contexts and experiences that provide students with opportunities to practise, develop and value social, community and workplace participation skills.

#### Pathways

A course of study in Social & Community Studies can establish a basis for further education and employment, as it helps students develop the skills and attributes necessary in all workplaces.

## Objectives

- explain personal and social concepts and skills
- examine personal and social information
- apply personal and social knowledge
- communicate responses
- evaluate projects

Social & Community Studies is a four-unit course of study.

Unit option	Unit title
Unit 1	Arts and identity
Unit 2	Legal and digital citizenship
Unit 3	Lifestyle and financial choices
Unit 4	Relationships and work environments

#### Assessment

Students complete two assessment tasks for each unit. The assessment techniques used in Social & Community Studies are:

Technique	Description	Response requirements
Project	Students develop recommendations or provide advice to address a selected issue related to the unit context.	<ul> <li>Item of communication</li> <li>One of the following:</li> <li>Multimodal (at least two modes delivered at the same time): up to 5 minutes, 8 A4 pages, or equivalent digital media</li> <li>Spoken: up to 4 minutes, or signed equivalent</li> <li>Written: up to 800 words</li> <li>Evaluation</li> <li>One of the following:</li> <li>Multimodal (at least two modes delivered at the same time): up to 4 minutes, 6 A4 pages, or equivalent digital media</li> <li>Spoken: up to 3 minutes, or signed equivalent</li> <li>Written: up to 500 words</li> </ul>
Extended response	Students respond to stimulus related to issue that is relevant to the unit context.	One of the following:  • Multimodal (at least two modes delivered at the same time): up to 7 minutes, 10 A4 pages, or equivalent digital media  • Spoken: up to 7 minutes, or signed equivalent  • Written: up to 1000 words
Investigation	Students investigate an issue relevant to the unit context by collecting and examining information to consider solutions and form a response.	<ul> <li>One of the following:</li> <li>Multimodal (at least two modes delivered at the same time): up to 7 minutes, 10 A4 pages, or equivalent digital media</li> <li>Spoken: up to 7 minutes, or signed equivalent</li> <li>Written: up to 1000 words</li> </ul>

#### Tourism

# Applied senior subject



This subject is designed to give students opportunities to develop a variety of intellectual, technical, creative, operational and workplace skills. It enables students to gain an appreciation of the role of the tourism industry and the structure, scope and operation of the related tourism sectors of travel, hospitality and visitor services.

In Tourism, students examine the sociocultural, environmental and economic aspects of tourism, as well as opportunities and challenges across global, national and local contexts. Tourism provides opportunities for Queensland students to develop understandings that are geographically and culturally significant to them by, for example, investigating tourism activities related to local Aboriginal communities and Torres Strait Islander communities and tourism in their own communities.

The core of Tourism focuses on the practices and approaches of tourism and tourism as an industry; the social, environmental, cultural and economic impacts of tourism; client groups and their needs and wants, and sustainable approaches in tourism. The core learning is embedded in each unit. The objectives allow students to develop and apply tourism-related knowledge through learning experiences and assessment in which they plan projects, analyse challenges and opportunities, make decisions, and reflect on processes and outcomes.

#### Pathways

A course of study in Tourism can establish a basis for further education and employment in business and industries such as tourist attractions, cruising, gaming, government and industry organisations, meeting and events coordination, caravan parks, marketing, museums and galleries, tour operations, wineries, cultural liaison, tourism and leisure industry development, and transport.

## Objectives

- explain tourism principles, concepts and practices
- examine tourism data and information
- apply tourism knowledge
- communicate responses
- evaluate projects

Tourism is a four-unit course of study. This syllabus contains five QCAA -developed units as options for schools to select from to develop their course of study.

Unit option	Unit title
Unit option A	Tourism and travel
Unit option B	Tourism marketing
Unit option C	Tourism trends and patterns
Unit option D	Tourism regulation
Unit option E	Tourism industry and careers

#### Assessment

Students complete two assessment tasks for each unit. The assessment techniques used in Tourism are:

Technique	Description	Response requirements
Investigation	Students investigate a unit related context by collecting and examining data and information.	<ul> <li>One of the following:</li> <li>Multimodal (at least two modes delivered at the same time): up to 7 minutes, 10 A4 pages, or equivalent digital media</li> <li>Spoken: up to 7 minutes, or signed equivalent</li> <li>Written: up to 1000 words</li> </ul>
Project	Students develop a traveller information package for an international tourism destination.	<ul> <li>Product</li> <li>One of the following:</li> <li>Multimodal (at least two modes delivered at the same time): up to 3 minutes, 6 A4 pages, or equivalent digital media</li> <li>Spoken: up to 3 minutes, or signed equivalent</li> <li>Written: up to 500 words</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Evaluation</li> <li>One of the following:</li> <li>Multimodal (at least two modes delivered at the same time): up to 3 minutes, 4 A4 pages, or equivalent digital media</li> <li>Spoken: up to 3 minutes, or signed equivalent</li> <li>Written: up to 500 words</li> </ul>

There may be tourism related excursions with varying additional costs associated.

VET

**BSB30120 Certificate III in Business** (RTO – Binnacle Training 31319) Ferny Grove State High School work in partnership with Binnacle to deliver this qualification. Binnacle's Certificate III in Business 'Business in Schools' program is offered as a senior subject where students learn what it takes to become a Business Professional. Students achieve skills in leadership and organisation, customer service, personal management, teamwork and relationships, business technology and financial literacy – incorporating the delivery of a range of projects and services within their school community. Students will also investigate business opportunities.

**QCE Credits**: Successful completion of the Certificate III in Business contributes a maximum of eight (8) credits towards a student's QCE. A maximum of eight credits from the same training package can contribute to a QCE.

Graduates will be able to use their Certificate III in Business

- as an entry level qualification into the Business Services Industries (e.g. customer service adviser, duty manager, administration officer);
- to pursue further tertiary pathways (e.g. Certificate IV, Diploma or Bachelor of Business); and to improve their chances of gaining tertiary entrance.

#### LANGUAGE, LITERACY AND NUMERACY SKILLS

A Language, Literacy & Numeracy (LLN) Screening process is undertaken at the time of initial enrolment (or earlier) to ensure students have the capacity to effectively engage with the content. Please refer to Binnacle Training's Student Information document for a snapshot of reading, writing and numeracy skills that would be expected in order to satisfy competency requirements.

TERM 1	TERM 2	TERM 3	TERM 4
<ul> <li>Introduction to the Business Services Industry</li> <li>Personal Wellbeing in the workplace</li> <li>Personal Work Priorities</li> </ul>	Develop and     Apply knowledge     of personal     finances	<ul> <li>Workplace Health and Safety</li> <li>Sustainable Work Practices in the Business Industry</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Inclusive Work Practices</li> <li>Engage in Workplace Communication</li> </ul>
TERM 5	TERM 6	TERM 7	TERM 8
<ul><li>Work in a Team</li><li>Critical Thinking Skills</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Design and Produce Business Documents</li> <li>Binnacle Boss Part 1 – Business Proposal</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Customer Service</li> <li>Electronic Presentations</li> <li>Binnacle Boos Part 2 – Market Day</li> </ul>	

#### Assessment

Learning experiences will be achieved by students working alongside an experienced Business Teacher (Program Deliverer) – incorporating delivery of a range of projects and services within their school community. This includes a group project where students design and plan for a new product or service (Binnacle Boss Entrepreneurship Program).

A range of teaching/learning strategies will be used to deliver the competencies. These include:

- Practical tasks / experience
- Hands-on activities including customer interactions
- Group projects
- e-Learning projects

Evidence contributing towards competency will be collected throughout the program. This process allows a student's competency to be assessed in a holistic approach that integrates a range of competencies. **NOTE**: From time to time, project delivery may require a mandatory 'outside subject' component (e.g. before or after school).

CODE	TITLE	
BSBPEF201	Support personal wellbeing in the workplace	
BSBXTW301	Work in a team	
BSBPEF301	Organise personal work priorities	
BSBCRT311	Apply critical thinking skills in a team environment	
FNSFLT311	Develop and apply knowledge of personal finance	
BSBTEC301	Design and produce business documents	
BSBWHS311	Assist with maintaining workplace safety	
BSBWRT311	Write simple documents	
BSBSUS211	Participate in sustainable work practices	
BSBTEC201	Use business software applications	
BSBXCM301	Engage in workplace communication	
BSBTEC203	Research using the internet	
BSBTWK301	Use inclusive work practices	

IMPORTANT
Program
Disclosure
Statement (PDS)

This document is to be read in conjunction with Binnacle Training's <u>Program Disclosure Statement</u> (PDS). The PDS sets out the services and training products Binnacle Training provides <u>and</u> those services carried out by the 'Partner School' (i.e. the delivery of training and assessment services).

To access Binnacle's PDS, visit:

https://www.binnacletraining.com.au/app/uploads/2022/08/Program-Disclosure-Statement-v10-2022.pdf

#### **Associated Costs**

#### \$265.00 = Binnacle Training Fees

\$ 50 = Excursions to other outside venues to participate in and to conduct business activities. Final cost and notification of these excursions will be included in the permission letter which will be distributed closer to the excursion date.

- Students are required to have their laptop with them for every lesson.
- If your child has any outstanding fees, they will not be able to participate in this program.

# **Technologies**



General senior subject



Design focuses on the application of design thinking to envisage creative products, services and environments in response to human needs, wants and opportunities. Designing is a complex and sophisticated form of problem-solving that uses divergent and convergent thinking strategies that can be practised and improved. Designers are separated from the constraints of production processes to allow them to appreciate and exploit new innovative ideas.

Students learn how design has influenced the economic, social and cultural environment in which they live. They understand the agency of humans in conceiving and imagining possible futures through design. Collaboration, teamwork and communication are crucial skills needed to work in design teams and liaise with stakeholders. They learn the value of creativity and build resilience as they experience iterative design processes, where the best ideas may be the result of trial and error and a willingness to take risks and experiment with alternatives.

Students learn about and experience design through exploring needs, wants and opportunities; developing ideas and design concepts; using drawing and low-fidelity prototyping skills; and evaluating ideas and design concepts. They communicate design proposals to suit different audiences.

## Pathways

A course of study in Design can establish a basis for further education and employment in the fields of architecture, digital media design, fashion design, graphic design, industrial design, interior design and landscape architecture.

## Objectives

- describe design problems and design criteria
- represent ideas, design concepts and design information using visual representation skills
- analyse needs, wants and opportunities using data
- devise ideas in response to design problems
- evaluate ideas to make refinements
- prospose design concepts in response to design problems
- make decisions about and use mode-appropriate features, language and conventions for particular purposes and contexts

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
Stakeholder-centred design	Commercial design influences	Human-centred design	Sustainable design influences
Designing for others	Responding to needs and wants	Designing with empathy	<ul> <li>Responding to opportunities</li> </ul>

#### Assessment

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete four summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

#### **Summative assessments**

Unit 3		Unit 4	
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1):  • Examination — design challenge	15%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3):  • Project	25%
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2): • Project	35%	Summative external assessment (EA):  • Examination — design challenge	25%

# Digital Solutions General senior subject



Digital Solutions enables students to learn about algorithms, computer languages and user interfaces through generating digital solutions to problems. Students engage with data, information and applications to create digital solutions that filter and present data in timely and efficient ways while understanding the need to encrypt and protect data. They understand computing's personal, local and global impact, and the issues associated with the ethical integration of technology into our daily lives.

Students use problem-based learning to write computer programs to create digital solutions that: use data; require interactions with users and within systems; and affect people, the economy and environments. They develop solutions using combinations of readily available hardware and software development environments, code libraries or specific instructions provided through programming.

Students create, construct and repurpose solutions that are relevant in a world where data and digital realms are transforming entertainment, education, business, manufacturing and many other industries.

#### Pathways

A course of study in Digital Solutions can establish a basis for further education and employment in the fields of science, technologies, engineering and mathematics.

## Objectives

- recognise and describe elements, components, principles and processes
- symbolise and explain information, ideas and interrelationships
- analyse problems and information
- determine solution requirements and criteria
- synthesise information and ideas to determine possible digital solutions
- generate components of the digital solution
- evaluate impacts, components and solutions against criteria to make refinements and justified recommendations
- make decisions about and use mode-appropriate features, language and conventions for particular purposes and contexts.

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
Creating with code  Understanding digital problems  User experiences and interfaces  Algorithms and programming techniques  Programmed solutions	Application and data solutions  • Data-driven problems and solution requirements  • Data and programming techniques  • Prototype data solutions	Digital innovation  Interactions between users, data and digital systems  Real-world problems and solution requirements  Innovative digital solutions	Digital impacts  Digital methods for exchanging data  Complex digital data exchange problems and solution requirements  Prototype digital data exchanges

#### Assessment

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete four summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

#### **Summative** assessments

Unit 3		Unit 4	
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1):  • Technical proposal	20%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3):  • Digital solution	25%
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2):  • Digital solution	30%	Summative external assessment (EA):  • Examination – Combination response	25%

# Engineering General senior subject



Engineering includes the study of mechanics, materials science and control technologies through real-world engineering contexts where students engage in problem-based learning.

Students learn to explore complex, open-ended problems and develop engineered solutions. They recognise and describe engineering problems, determine solution success criteria, develop and communicate ideas and predict, generate, evaluate and refine prototype solutions.

Students justify their decision-making and acknowledge the societal, economic and environmental sustainability of their engineered solutions. The problem-based learning framework in Engineering encourages students to become self-directed learners and develop beneficial collaboration and management skills.

#### Pathways

A course of study in Engineering can establish a basis for further education and employment in the field of engineering, including, but not limited to, civil, mechanical, mechatronic, electrical, aerospace, mining, process, chemical, marine, biomedical, telecommunications, environmental, micro-nano and systems. The study of engineering will also benefit students wishing to pursue post-school tertiary pathways that lead to careers in architecture, project management, aviation, surveying and spatial sciences.

## Objectives

- recognise and describe engineering problems, concepts and principles
- symbolise and explain ideas and solutions
- analyse problems and information
- determine solution success criteria for engineering problems
- synthesise information and ideas to predict possible solutions
- generate prototype solutions to provide data to assess the accuracy of predictions
- evaluate and refine ideas and solutions to make justified recommendations
- make decisions about and use mode-appropriate features, language and conventions for particular purposes and contexts.

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
Engineering fundamentals  Engineering in society  Engineering communication  Introduction to engineering mechanics  Introduction to engineering materials	Emerging technologies  Emerging needs in society  Emerging processes, machinery and automation  Emerging materials	Civil Structures  Civil structures in society  Civil structures and forces  Civil engineering materials	Machines and mechanisms  Machines in society  Machines, mechanisms and control  Materials

#### Assessment

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete *four* summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

#### Summative assessments

Unit 3		Unit 4	
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1):  • Engineered solution	25%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3):  • Engineered solution	25%
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2):  • Examination – combination response	25%	Summative external assessment (EA):  • Examination – combination response	25%

# Food & Nutrition General senior subject



Food & Nutrition is the study of food in the context of food science, nutrition and food technologies, considering overarching concepts of waste management, sustainability and food protection.

Students explore the chemical and functional properties of nutrients to create food solutions that maintain the beneficial nutritive values. This knowledge is fundamental for continued development of a safe and sustainable food system that can produce high quality, nutritious solutions with an extended shelf life. Their studies of the food system include the sectors of production, processing, distribution, consumption, research and development.

Students actively engage in a food and nutrition problem-solving process to create food solutions that contribute positively to preferred personal, social, ethical, economic, environmental, legal, sustainable and technological futures.

### Pathways

A course of study in Food & Nutrition can establish a basis for further education and employment in the fields of science, technology, engineering and health.

### Objectives

- recognise and describe food and nutrition facts and principles
- explain food and nutrition ideas and problems
- analyse problems, information and data
- determine solution requirements and criteria
- synthesise information and data
- generate solutions to provide data to determine the feasibility of the solution
- evaluate and refine ideas and solutions to make justified recommendations for enhancement
- make decisions about and use mode-appropriate features, language and conventions for particular purposes and contexts.

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
Food science of vitamins, minerals and protein  Introduction to the food system  Vitamins and minerals  Protein	Food drivers and emerging trends  Consumer food drivers Sensory profiling Food safety and labelling Food formulation for consumers	Food science of carbohydrate and fat  Carbohydrate  Fat	Food solution development for nutrition consumer markets  • Formulation and reformulation for nutrition consumer markets  • Nutrition consumer markets

#### Assessment

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete four summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

#### **Summative assessments**

Unit 3		Unit 4	
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1):  • Examination – combination response	20%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3):  • Food & Nutrition solution	30%
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2):  • Food & Nutrition solution	25%	Summative external assessment (EA):  • Examination – combination response	25%

#### **Associated Costs**

Cost of ingredients for cooking and experimentations – varies weekly Excursion costs approximately \$50 per year.

## **Building & Construction Skills**

Applied senior subject



Technologies are an integral part of society as humans seek to create solutions to improve their own and others' quality of life. Technologies affect people and societies by transforming, restoring and sustaining the world in which we live. In an increasingly technological and complex world, it is important to develop the knowledge, understanding and skills associated with traditional and contemporary tools and materials used by Australian building and construction industries to construct structures. The building and construction industry transforms raw materials into structures wanted by society. This adds value for both enterprises and consumers. Australia has strong building and construction industries that continue to provide employment opportunities.

Building & Construction Skills includes the study of the building and construction industry's practices and production processes through students' application in, and through, trade learning contexts. Industry practices are used by building and construction enterprises to manage the construction of structures from raw materials. Production processes combine the production skills and procedures required to construct structures. Students engage in applied learning to demonstrate knowledge and skills in units that meet local needs, available resources and teacher expertise. Through both individual and collaborative learning experiences, students learn to meet customer expectations of high-quality structures at a specific price and time.

Applied learning supports students' development of transferable 21st century, literacy and numeracy skills relevant to future employment opportunities in the domestic, commercial and civil construction industrial sectors. Students learn to interpret drawings and technical information, and select and demonstrate safe practical production processes using hand and power tools, machinery and equipment. They communicate using oral, written and graphical modes and organise, calculate, plan, evaluate and adapt production processes and the structures they construct. The majority of learning is done through construction tasks that relate to business and industry. Students work with each other to solve problems and complete practical work.

#### Pathways

A course of study in Building & Construction Skills can establish a basis for further education and employment in civil, residential or commercial building and construction fields. These include roles such as bricklayer, plasterer, concreter, painter and decorator, carpenter, joiner, roof tiler, plumber, steel fixer, landscaper and electrician.

## Objectives

- demonstrate practices, skills and procedures
- interpret drawings and technical information
- select practices, skills and procedures
- sequence processes
- evaluate skills and procedures, and structures
- adapt plans, skills and procedures.

Building & Construction Skills is a four-unit course of study. This syllabus contains six QCAA-developed units as options for schools to select from to develop their course of study.

Unit option	Unit title
Unit option A	Site preparation and foundations
Unit option B	Framing and cladding
Unit option C	Fixing and finishing
Unit option D	Construction in the domestic building industry
Unit option E	Construction in the commercial building industry
Unit option F	Construction in the civil construction industry

#### Assessment

Students complete two assessment tasks for each unit. The assessment techniques used in Building & Construction Skills are:

Technique	Description	Response requirements
Practical demonstration	Students perform a practical demonstration for a unit context artefact and reflect on industry practices, and production skills and procedures.	Practical demonstration Practical demonstration: the skills and procedures used in 3–5 production processes  Documentation  Multimodal (at least two modes delivered at the same time): up to 3 minutes, 6 A4 pages, or equivalent digital media
Project	Students construct a unit context structure and document the construction process.	Structure Structure: 1 unit context structure constructed using the skills and procedures in 5–7 production processes
		Construction process  Multimodal (at least two modes delivered at the same time): up to 5 minutes, 8 A4 pages, or equivalent digital media

# Engineering Skills Applied senior subject



Technologies are an integral part of society as humans seek to create solutions to improve their own and others' quality of life. Technologies affect people and societies by transforming, restoring and sustaining the world in which we live. In an increasingly technological and complex world, it is important to develop the knowledge, understanding and skills associated with traditional and contemporary tools and materials used by the Australian manufacturing industry to produce products. The manufacturing industry transform raw materials into products wanted by society. This adds value for both enterprises and consumers. Australia has strong manufacturing industries that continue to provide employment opportunities.

Engineering Skills includes the study of the manufacturing and engineering industry's practices and production processes through students' application in, and through trade learning contexts. Industry practices are used by manufacturing enterprises to manage the manufacture of products from raw materials. Production processes combine the production skills and procedures required to produce products. Students engage in applied learning to demonstrate knowledge and skills in units that meet local needs, available resources and teacher expertise. Through both individual and collaborative learning experiences, students learn to meet customer expectations of product quality at a specific price and time.

Applied learning supports students' development of transferable 21st century, literacy and numeracy skills relevant to future employment opportunities in the structural, transport and manufacturing engineering industrial sectors. Students learn to interpret drawings and technical information, and select and demonstrate safe practical production processes using hand and power tools, machinery and equipment. They communicate using oral, written and graphical modes, organise, calculate, plan, evaluate and adapt production processes and the products they produce. The majority of learning is done through manufacturing tasks that relate to business and industry. Students work with each other to solve problems and complete practical work.

## Pathways

A course of study in Engineering Skills can establish a basis for further education and employment in engineering trades. With additional training and experience, potential employment opportunities may be found, for example, as a sheet metal worker, metal fabricator, welder, maintenance fitter, metal machinist, locksmith, air-conditioning mechanic, refrigeration mechanic or automotive mechanic.

## Objectives

- demonstrate practices, skills and procedures
- interpret drawings and technical information
- select practices, skills and procedures
- sequence processes
- evaluate skills and procedures, and structures
- adapt plans, skills and procedures.

Engineering Skills is a four-unit course of study. This syllabus contains six QCAA-developed units as options for schools to select from to develop their course of study.

Unit option	Unit title
Unit option A	Fitting and machining
Unit option B	Welding and fabrication
Unit option C	Sheet metal working
Unit option D	Production in the structural engineering industry
Unit option E	Production in the transport engineering industry
Unit option F	Production in the manufacturing engineering industry

#### Assessment

Students complete two assessment tasks for each unit. The assessment techniques used in Engineering Skills are:

Technique	Description	Response requirements
Practical demonstration	Students perform a practical demonstration when manufacturing a unit context artefact and reflect on industry practices, and production skills and procedures.	Practical demonstration Practical demonstration: the skills and procedures used in 3–5 production processes  Documentation  Multimodal (at least two modes delivered at the same time): up to 3 minutes, 6 A4 pages, or equivalent digital media
Project	Students manufacture a unit context product that consists of multiple interconnected components and document the manufacturing process.	Product Product: 1 fitting and machining product manufactured using the skills and procedures in 5–7 production processes  Manufacturing process  Multimodal (at least two modes delivered at the same time): up to 5 minutes, 8 A4 pages, or equivalent digital media

# Furnishing Skills Applied senior subject



Technologies are an integral part of society as humans seek to create solutions to improve their own and others' quality of life. Technologies affect people and societies by transforming, restoring and sustaining the world in which we live. In an increasingly technological and complex world, it is important to develop the knowledge, understanding and skills associated with traditional and contemporary tools and materials used by Australian manufacturing industries to produce products. The manufacturing industry transforms raw materials into products wanted by society. This adds value for both enterprises and consumers. Australia has strong manufacturing industries that continue to provide employment opportunities.

Furnishing Skills includes the study of the manufacturing and furnishing industry's practices and production processes through students' application in, and through trade learning contexts. Industry practices are used by furnishing enterprises to manage the manufacture of products from raw materials. Production processes combine the production skills and procedures required to produce products. Students engage in applied learning to demonstrate knowledge and skills in units that meet local needs, available resources and teacher expertise. Through both individual and collaborative learning experiences, students learn to meet customer expectations of product quality at a specific price and time.

Applied learning in manufacturing tasks supports students' development of transferable 21st century, literacy and numeracy skills relevant to future employment opportunities in the domestic, commercial and bespoke furnishing industries. Students learn to recognise and apply industry practices, interpret drawings and technical information and demonstrate and apply safe practical production processes using hand/power tools and machinery. They communicate using oral, written and graphical modes, organise, calculate, plan, evaluate and adapt production processes and the products they produce. The majority of learning is done through manufacturing tasks that relate to business and industry. Students work with each other to solve problems and complete practical work.

## Pathways

A course of study in Furnishing Skills can establish a basis for further education and employment in the furnishing industry. With additional training and experience, potential employment opportunities may be found in furnishing trades as, for example, a furniture-maker, wood machinist, cabinet-maker, polisher, shopfitter, upholsterer, furniture restorer, picture framer, floor finisher or glazier.

## Objectives

- demonstrate practices, skills and procedures
- interpret drawings and technical information
- select practices, skills and procedures.
- sequence processes
- evaluate skills and procedures, and products
- adapt plans, skills and procedures

Furnishing Skills is a four-unit course of study. This syllabus contains six QCAA-developed units as options for schools to select from to develop their course of study.

Unit option	Unit title
Unit option A	Furniture-making
Unit option B	Furniture-making
Unit option C	Interior furnishing
Unit option D	Production in the domestic furniture industry
Unit option E	Production in the commercial furniture industry
Unit option F	Production in the bespoke furniture industry

#### Assessment

Students complete two assessment tasks for each unit. The assessment techniques used in Furnishing Skills are:

Technique	Description	Response requirements
Practical demonstration	Students perform a practical demonstration when manufacturing a unit context artefact and reflect on industry practices, and production skills and procedures.	Practical demonstration Practical demonstration: the skills and procedures used in 3–5 production processes  Documentation  Multimodal (at least two modes delivered at the same time): up to 3 minutes, 6 A4 pages, or equivalent digital media
Project	Students manufacture a product and document the manufacturing process.	Product Product: 1 multi-material furniture product manufactured using the skills and procedures in 5–7 production processes  Manufacturing process  Multimodal (at least two modes delivered at the same time): up to 5 minutes, 8 A4 pages, or equivalent digital media



## Industrial Graphical Skills

## Applied senior subject



Technologies are an integral part of society as humans seek to create solutions to improve their own and others' quality of life. Technologies affect people and societies by transforming, restoring and sustaining the world in which we live. In an increasingly technological and complex world, it is important to develop the knowledge, understanding and skills used by Australian manufacturing and construction industries to produce products. The manufacturing and construction industries transform raw materials into products required by society. This adds value for both enterprises and consumers. Australia has strong manufacturing and construction industries that continue to provide employment opportunities.

Industrial Graphics Skills includes the study of industry practices and drawing production processes through students' application in, and through a variety of industry-related learning contexts. Industry practices are used by enterprises to manage drawing production processes and the associated manufacture or construction of products from raw materials. Drawing production processes include the drawing skills and procedures required to produce industry-specific technical drawings and graphical representations. Students engage in applied learning to demonstrate knowledge and skills in units that meet local needs, available resources and teacher expertise. Through both individual and collaborative learning experiences, students learn to meet client expectations of drawing standards.

Applied learning supports students' development of transferable 21st century, literacy and numeracy skills relevant to future employment opportunities in the building and construction, engineering and furnishing industrial sectors. Students learn to interpret drawings and technical information, and select and demonstrate manual and computerised drawing skills and procedures. The majority of learning is done through drafting tasks that relate to business and industry. They work with each other to solve problems and complete practical work.

### Pathways

A course of study in Industrial Graphics Skills can establish a basis for further education and employment in a range of roles and trades in the manufacturing industries. With additional training and experience, potential employment opportunities may be found in drafting roles such as architectural drafter, estimator, mechanical drafter, electrical drafter, structural drafter, civil drafter and survey drafter.

## Objectives

- demonstrate practices, skills and procedures
- interpret client briefs and technical information
- select practices, skills and procedures
- sequence processes
- evaluate skills and procedures, and products
- adapt plans, skills and products.

Industrial Graphics Skills is a four-unit course of study. This syllabus contains six QCAA-developed units as options for schools to select from to develop their course of study.

Unit option	Unit title
Unit option A	Drafting for residential building
Unit option B	Computer-aided manufacturing
Unit option C	Computer-aided drafting — modelling
Unit option D	Graphics for the construction industry
Unit option E	Graphics for the engineering industry
Unit option F	Graphics for the furnishing industry

#### Assessment

Students complete two assessment tasks for each unit. The assessment techniques used in Industrial Graphics Skills are:

Technique	Description	Response requirements
Practical demonstration	Students perform a practical demonstration of drafting and reflect on industry practices, skills and drawing procedures.	Practical demonstration Practical demonstration: the drawing skills and procedures used in 3–5 drawing production processes
		Documentation  Multimodal (at least two modes delivered at the same time): drawings on up to 3 A3 pages supported by written notes or spoken notes (up to 3 minutes), or equivalent digital media
Project	Students draft in response to a provided client brief and technical information.	Product Product: the drawing skills and procedures used in 5–7 drawing production processes
		Drawing process  Multimodal (at least two modes delivered at the same time): drawings on up to 4 A3 pages supported by written notes or spoken notes (up to 5 minutes), or equivalent digital media



## **Hospitality Practices**

## Applied senior subject

Applied

The hospitality industry is important economically and socially in Australian society and is one of the largest employers in the country. It specialises in delivering products and services to customers and consists of different sectors, including food and beverage, accommodation, clubs and gaming. Hospitality offers a range of exciting and challenging long-term career opportunities across a range of businesses. The industry is dynamic and uses skills that are transferable across sectors and locations.

The Hospitality Practices syllabus emphasises the food and beverage sector, which includes food and beverage production and service. The subject includes the study of industry practices and production processes through real-world related application in the hospitality industry context. Production processes combine the production skills and procedures required to implement hospitality events. Students engage in applied learning to recognise, apply and demonstrate knowledge and skills in units that meet local needs, available resources and teacher expertise. Through both individual and collaborative learning experiences, students learn to perform production and service skills, and meet customer expectations of quality in event contexts.

Applied learning hospitality tasks supports student development of transferable 21st century, literacy and numeracy skills relevant to the hospitality industry and future employment opportunities. Students learn to recognise and apply industry practices; interpret briefs and specifications; demonstrate and apply safe practical production processes; communicate using oral, written and spoken modes; develop personal attributes that contribute to employability; and organise, plan, evaluate and adapt production processes for the events they implement. The majority of learning is done through hospitality tasks that relate to industry and that promote adaptable, competent, self-motivated and safe individuals who can work with colleagues to solve problems and complete practical work.

## Pathways

A course of study in Hospitality Practices can establish a basis for further education and employment in the hospitality sectors of food and beverage, catering, accommodation and entertainment. Students could pursue further studies in hospitality, hotel, event and tourism or business management, which allows for specialisation.

## Objectives

- demonstrate practices, skills and processes
- interpret briefs
- select practices, skills and procedures
- sequence processes
- evaluate skills, procedures and products
- adapt production plans, techniques and procedures

Hospitality Practices is a four-unit course of study. This syllabus contains six QCAA-developed units as options for schools to select from to develop their course of study.

Unit option	Unit title
Unit option A	Culinary trends
Unit option B	Bar and barista basics
Unit option C	In-house dining
Unit option D	Casual dining
Unit option E	Formal dining
Unit option F	Guest services

#### Assessment

Students complete two assessment tasks for each unit. The assessment techniques used in Hospitality Practices are:

Technique	Description	Response requirements
Practical demonstration	Students produce and present an item related to the unit context in response to a brief.	Practical demonstration Practical demonstration: menu item  Planning and evaluation  Multimodal (at least two modes delivered at the same time): up to 5 minutes, 8 A4 pages, or equivalent digital media
Project	Students plan and deliver an event incorporating the unit context in response to a brief.	Practical demonstration Practical demonstration: delivery of event Planning and evaluation Multimodal (at least two modes delivered at the same time): up to 5 minutes, 8 A4 pages, or equivalent digital media
Investigation	Students investigate and evaluate practices, skills and processes.	Investigation and evaluation One of the following:  • Multimodal (at least two modes delivered at the same time): up to 7 minutes, 10 A4 pages, or equivalent digital media  Written: up to 1000 words

#### **Associated Costs**

Cost of ingredients for weekly cooking – varies weekly Excursion costs approximately \$50 per year.



## Hospitality - Certificate II (pending RTO registration)

Vocational Education Subject



SIT20322 Certificate II in Hospitality is a school-based program offered as a senior subject where student's focuses on the knowledge, understanding and skills related to engagement with the hospitality industry in practical applications. Students will be able to gain a broad set of skills, including foundational knowledge in hospitality front of house and customer service skills.

QCE Credits: Successful completion of the Certificate II in Hospitality contributes a maximum of four (4) credits towards a student's QCE.

#### **Pathways**

This qualification provides a pathway to work in various hospitality settings, such as restaurants, hotels, motels, catering operations, clubs, pubs, cafes and coffee shops. This qualification provides a pathway to further study within the hospitality &/or tourism sector.

#### Course Structure

Year 1 (2025)	Year 2 (2026)	
Practice Food Safety	Customer Service Delivery	
Safe Work Practices	Safe Food Handling	
Non-alcoholic beverages	Hospitality Food and Beverage	
Prepare and serve espresso coffee		
Hospitality Industry Knowledge		

#### Assessment

- Assessments will be conducted so that skills, knowledge and understanding may be demonstrated in the simulated workplace environment (Café). Assessment of knowledge and skills will be integrated with assessment of their practical application.
- Projects/tasks and work evidence will be progressively gathered by the assessor for units of competency until sufficient valid evidence is gathered to make assessment decisions on competency.

The mode of delivery includes any combination of the following:

- face-to-face in a simulated workplace environment for required performance and knowledge evidence and skills observations
- online for some components of training for knowledge evidence
- in a classroom ('off the job') for some components of training for knowledge evidence.

#### Work experience

As part of the requirements for SITHIND007 Use hospitality skills effectively, students will need to undertake a minimum of 12 complete service periods within a hospitality business. Some of these service periods will be completed at school as part of the course program however, students may be required to complete this industry work experience at an external hospitality venue.

#### **Units of Competencies**

UNIT CODE	UNIT TITLE	Core / Elective
BSBTWK201	Work effectively with others	Core
SITHIND006	Source and use information on the hospitality industry	Core
SITHIND007*	Use hospitality skills effectively	Core
SITXCCS011	Interact with customers	Core
SITXCOM007	Show social and cultural sensitivity	Core
SITXWHS005	Participate in safe work practices	Core
SITXFSA005	Use hygienic practices for food safety	Elective
SITHFAB024	Prepare and serve non-alcoholic beverages	Elective
SITHFAB027	Serve food and beverage	Elective
SITXFSA006	Participate in safe food handling practices	Elective
SITHCCC025	Prepare and present sandwiches	Elective
SITHFAB025	Prepare and serve espresso coffee	Elective
SITHFAB021	Provide responsible service of alcohol	Elective

<sup>\*</sup> completion of 12 service periods required

Costs of ingredients for practical demonstration of food and beverage production skills will vary. Students will be required to provide their own ingredients on a regular basis.

SITHFAB021 Responsible service of alcohol – will be offered to students as a one off full day course provided by an external RTO at a cost of approximately \$50



## Information Technology - Certificate III

Vocational Education Subject



ICT30120 Certificate III in Information Technology is a school-based program offered as a senior subject where student's focuses on the knowledge, understanding and skills related to engagement with information and communication technology with more practical applications. Students will be able to gain a broad set of skills, including foundational knowledge in critical thinking and customer service skills, to support a range of technologies, processes, procedures, policies, people and clients in a variety of work contexts.

**QCE Credits**: Successful completion of the Certificate III in Information Technology contributes a maximum of eight (8) credits towards a student's QCE.

This program may also include the following:

 Students to undertake work placement or work experience for 3-5 days with any Information Technology industry.

#### **Pathways**

Information and Communications Technology (ICT) roles, including Animation consultant 2D or 3D; basic cloud computing; basic cyber awareness; Graphic designers & digital media; generalist IT support services; networking; programming; systems and web development; AV Technician; Systems Administrator; ICT Security; Technical support officer, Technology support multimedia Specialists; IT Managers; Multimedia Developer; IT Sales Assistant; IT Sales Professional.



#### Course Structure

Year 1 (2024)	Year 2 (202)
Personal Information  Securely manage personally identifiable information and workplace information  Apply critical thinking skills in a team environment	Programming  • Work in a team  • Apply introductory programming techniques  • Apply introductory object-oriented language skills
Object-modelling techniques and	Website building and presentation
<ul> <li>animation</li> <li>Create 2D digital animations</li> <li>Apply simple modelling techniques</li> <li>Intellectual Property</li> <li>Identify IP, ethics and privacy policies in ICT environments</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Provide ICT advice to clients</li> <li>Build simple web pages</li> <li>Incorporate video into multimedia presentations</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Hardware, Software and Advice to clients</li> <li>Use computer operating systems and</li> </ul>	
hardware	
<ul> <li>Incorporate video into multimedia presentations</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Provide ICT advice to clients</li> </ul>	

There are no costs associated with completing this school-based Certificate.

There will be one excursion to the city during the year for approx. \$20.

#### Assessment

- Assessments will be conducted so that skills, knowledge and understanding may be demonstrated in the simulated workplace environment. Assessment of knowledge and skills will be integrated with assessment of their practical application.
- Projects/tasks and work evidence will be progressively gathered by the assessor for units of competency until sufficient valid evidence is gathered to make assessment decisions on competency.

The mode of delivery includes any combination of the following:

- face-to-face in a simulated workplace environment for required performance and knowledge evidence
- online for some components of training for knowledge evidence
- in a classroom ('off the job') for some components of training for knowledge evidence.

### **Units of Competencies**

UNIT CODE	UNIT TITLE	Core / Elective
BSBCRT301	Develop and extend critical and creative thinking skills	Core Unit
BSBXCS303	Securely manage personally identifiable information and workplace information	Core Unit
BSBXTW301	Work in a team	Core Unit
ICTICT313	Identify IP, ethics and privacy policies in ICT environments	Core Unit
ICTPRG302	Apply introductory programming techniques	Core Unit
ICTSAS305	Provide ICT advice to clients	Core Unit
CUAANM301	Create 2D digital animations	Elective
ICTGAM301	Apply simple modelling techniques	Elective
ICTICT213	Use computer operating systems and hardware	Elective
ICPDMT3460	Incorporate video into multimedia presentations	Elective
ICTPRG430	Apply introductory object-oriented language skills	Elective
ICTWEB304	Build simple web pages	Elective

# **Health & Physical Education**



### Health

General senior subject



Health provides students with a contextualised strengths-based inquiry of the various determinants that create and promote lifelong health, learning and active citizenship. Drawing from the health, behavioural, social and physical sciences, the Health syllabus offers students an action, advocacy and evaluation-oriented curriculum.

Health uses an inquiry approach informed by the critical analysis of health information to investigate sustainable health change at personal, peer, family and community levels.

Students define and understand broad health topics, which they reframe into specific contextualised health issues for further investigation.

Students plan, implement, evaluate and reflect on action strategies that mediate, enable and advocate change through health promotion.

#### Pathways

A course of study in Health can establish a basis for further education and employment in the fields of health science, public health, health education, allied health, nursing and medical professions.

## Objectives

- recognise and describe information about health-related topics and issues
- comprehend and use the Health inquiry model
- analyse and interpret information about health-related topics and issues
- critique information to distinguish determinants that influence health status
- organise information for particular purposes
- investigate and synthesise information to develop action strategies
- evaluate and reflect on implemented action strategies to justify recommendations that mediate, advocate and enable health promotion
- make decisions about and use mode-appropriate features, language and conventions for particular purposes and contexts.

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
Resilience as a personal health resource	Peers and family as resources for healthy living  • Alcohol and other drugs (elective)  • Body image (elective)	Community as a resource for healthy living  • Homelessness (elective)  • Road safety (elective)  • Anxiety (elective)	Respectful relationships in the post-schooling transition

#### Assessment

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete four summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

Unit 3		Unit 4	
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1):  • Action research	25%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3):  • Investigation	25%
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2):  • Examination — extended response	25%	Summative external assessment (EA):  • Examination	25%



## Physical Education

## General senior subject



Physical Education provides students with knowledge, understanding and skills to explore and enhance their own and others' health and physical activity in diverse and changing contexts.

Physical Education provides a philosophical and educative framework to promote deep learning in three dimensions: about, through and in physical activity contexts. Students optimise their engagement and performance in physical activity as they develop an understanding and appreciation of the interconnectedness of these dimensions.

Students learn how body and movement concepts and the scientific bases of biophysical, sociocultural and psychological concepts and principles are relevant to their engagement and performance in physical activity. They engage in a range of activities to develop movement sequences and movement strategies.

Students learn experientially through three stages of an inquiry approach to make connections between the scientific bases and the physical activity contexts. They recognise and explain concepts and principles about and through movement, and demonstrate and apply body and movement concepts to movement sequences and movement strategies.

Through their purposeful engagement in physical activities, students gather data to analyse, synthesise and devise strategies to optimise engagement and performance. They engage in reflective decision-making as they evaluate and justify strategies to achieve a particular outcome.

## Pathways

A course of study in Physical Education can establish a basis for further education and employment in the fields of exercise science, biomechanics, the allied health professions, psychology, teaching, sport journalism, sport marketing and management, sport promotion, sport development and coaching.

## Objectives

- recognise and explain concepts and principles about movement
- demonstrate specialised movement sequences and movement strategies
- apply concepts to specialised movement sequences and movement strategies
- analyse and synthesise data to devise strategies about movement
- evaluate strategies about and in movement
- justify strategies about and in movement
- make decisions about and use language, conventions and mode-appropriate features for particular purposes and contexts.

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
Motor learning, functional anatomy, biomechanics and	Sport psychology, equity and physical activity	Tactical awareness, ethics and integrity and physical activity	Energy, fitness and training and physical activity
<ul> <li>physical activity</li> <li>Motor learning integrated with a selected physical activity</li> <li>Functional anatomy and biomechanics integrated with a selected physical activity</li> </ul>	Sport psychology integrated with a selected physical activity     Equity — barriers and enablers	Tactical awareness integrated with one selected 'Invasion' or 'Net and court' physical activity     Ethics and integrity	Energy, fitness and training integrated with one selected 'Invasion', 'Net and court' or 'Performance' physical activity

#### Assessment

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete four summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

Unit 3		Unit 4	
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1):  • Project — folio	25%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3):  • Project — folio	30%
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2):  • Investigation — report	20%	Summative external assessment (EA):  • Examination — combination response	25%



## Sport & Recreation

## Applied senior subject



Sport and recreation activities are a part of the fabric of Australian life and are an intrinsic part of Australian culture. These activities can encompass social and competitive sport, aquatic and community recreation, fitness and outdoor recreation. For many people, sport and recreation activities form a substantial component of their leisure time. Participation in sport and recreation can make positive contributions to a person's wellbeing.

Sport and recreation activities also represent growth industries in Australia, providing many employment opportunities, many of which will be directly or indirectly associated with hosting Commonwealth, Olympic and Paralympic Games. The skills developed in Sport & Recreation may be oriented toward work, personal fitness or general health and wellbeing. Students will be involved in learning experiences that allow them to develop their interpersonal abilities and encourage them to appreciate and value active involvement in sport and recreational activities, contributing to ongoing personal and community development throughout their lives.

Sport is defined as activities requiring physical exertion, personal challenge and skills as the primary focus, along with elements of competition. Within these activities, rules and patterns of behaviour governing the activity exist formally through organisations. Recreation activities are defined as active pastimes engaged in for the purpose of relaxation, health and wellbeing and/or enjoyment and are recognised as having socially worthwhile qualities. Active recreation requires physical exertion and human activity. Physical activities that meet these classifications can include active play and minor games, challenge and adventure activities, games and sports, lifelong physical activities, and rhythmic and expressive movement activities.

Active participation in sport and recreation activities is central to the learning in Sport & Recreation. Sport & Recreation enables students to engage in sport and recreation activities to experience and learn about the role of sport and recreation in their lives, the lives of others and the community.

Engagement in these activities provides a unique and powerful opportunity for students to experience the challenge and fun of physical activity while developing vocational, life and physical skills.

Each unit requires that students engage in sport and/or recreation activities. They investigate, plan, perform and evaluate procedures and strategies and communicate appropriately to particular audiences for particular purposes.

## Pathways

A course of study in Sport & Recreation can establish a basis for further education and employment in the fields of fitness, outdoor recreation and education, sports administration, community health and recreation and sport performance.

## Objectives

- Investigate activities and strategies to enhance outcomes
- plan activities and strategies to enhance outcomes
- perform activities and strategies to enhance outcomes
- evaluate activities and strategies to enhance outcomes

Sport & Recreation is a four-unit course of study. This syllabus contains 12 QCAA-developed units as options for schools to select from to develop their course of study.

Unit option	Unit title
Unit option D	Coaching and Officiating
Unit option F	Emerging Trends in Sport, Fitness and Recreation
Unit option E	Community Recreation
Unit option G	Event Management

#### Assessment

Students complete two assessment tasks for each unit. The assessment techniques used in Sport & Recreation are:

Technique	Description	Response requirements
Performance	Students investigate, plan, perform and evaluate activities and strategies to enhance outcomes in the unit context.	Performance Performance: up to 4 minutes Investigation, plan and evaluation One of the following:  • Multimodal (at least two modes delivered at the same time): up to 3 minutes, 6 A4 pages, or equivalent digital media  • Spoken: up to 3 minutes, or signed equivalent • Written: up to 500 words
Project	Students investigate, plan, perform and evaluate activities and strategies to enhance outcomes in the unit context.	<ul> <li>Investigation and session plan</li> <li>One of the following:</li> <li>Multimodal (at least two modes delivered at the same time): up to 3 minutes, 6 A4 pages, or equivalent digital media</li> <li>Spoken: up to 3 minutes, or signed equivalent</li> <li>Written: up to 500 words</li> </ul> Performance
		<ul> <li>Performance: up to 4 minutes</li> <li>Evaluation</li> <li>One of the following:</li> <li>Multimodal (at least two modes delivered at the same time): up to 3 minutes, 6 A4 pages, or equivalent digital media</li> <li>Spoken: up to 3 minutes, or signed equivalent</li> <li>Written: up to 500 words</li> </ul>

## Fitness Certificate III





## Vocational Education subject

**SIS30321 CERTIFICATE III IN FITNESS** -RTO – Binnacle Training (RTO Code 31319). Ferny Grove State High School works in partnership with Binnacle Training to deliver this qualification. This qualification provides a pathway to work as a Fitness Instructor in settings such as fitness facilities, gyms, and leisure and community centres. Students gain the entry-level skills required of a Fitness Professional (Group Exercise Instructor or Gym Fitness Instructor).

Students facilitate fitness programs within their school community including:

- Community fitness programs
- ) Strength and conditioning for athletes and teams
- ) 1-on-1 and group fitness sessions with male adults, female adults and older adult clients

This program also includes the following:

- The nationally recognised First Aid competency HLTAID011 Provide First Aid
- Community Coaching Essential Skills Course (non-accredited), issued by Sport Australia
- A range of career pathway options including pathway into SIS40221 Certificate IV in Fitness at another provider

QCE Credits: Successful completion of the Certificate III in Fitness contributes a maximum of eight (8) credits towards a student's QCE. A maximum of eight credits from the same training package can contribute to a QCE.

A Language, Literacy and Numeracy (LLN) Screening process is undertaken at the time of initial enrolment (or earlier) to ensure students have the capacity to effectively engage with the content and to identify support measures as required.

TOPICS (Terms 1 – 4)	TOPICS (Terms 5 -7)
<ul> <li>Introduction to the Sport, Fitness and Recreation (SFR) Industry Knowledge</li> <li>Introduction to Coaching Programs</li> <li>Introduction to conditioning Programs</li> <li>Introduction to Community Programs</li> <li>Working in the SFR Industry</li> <li>Providing Quality Service in the SFR Industry</li> <li>Anatomy and Physiology – The Musculoskeletal System</li> <li>First Aid Course: HLTAID011 Provide First Aid</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Anatomy and Physiology</li> <li>Health and Nutrition Consultations</li> <li>Screening and Health Assessments</li> <li>Specific Population Clients</li> <li>Older Clients</li> <li>Specific Populations</li> </ul>

#### Assessment

Program delivery will combine both class-based tasks and practical components in a real gym environment at the school. This involves the delivery of a range of fitness programs to clients within the school community (students, teachers, and staff).

A range of teaching/learning strategies will be used to deliver the competencies. These include:

- Practical tasks
- Hands-on activities involving participants/clients
- Group work
- Practical experience within the school sporting programs and fitness facility
- Log Book of practical experience

Evidence contributing towards competency will be collected throughout the course. This process allows a student's competency to be assessed in a holistic approach that integrates a range of competencies.

NOTE: This program involves an 'outside subject' weekly component as follows:

- MANDATORY: A minimum of one session (60 minutes) delivering a gentle exercise session to an older adult client (age 50+), undertaken at the school gym or an alternate fitness facility sourced by the school.
- RECOMMENDED: 60 minutes per week across a minimum of 5 consecutive weeks delivering fitness programs and services to an adult client, undertaken at the school gym or an alternate fitness facility sourced by the school

## **UNIT CODE/TITLE** HLTAID011 Provide First Aid

HLTWHS001 Participate in workplace health and safety

SISXEMR001 Respond to emergency situations

BSBPEF202 Plan and Apply Time Management \*

SISXIND011 Maintain sport, fitness and recreation industry knowledge

BSBSUS211 Participate in sustainable work practices

SISSPAR009 Participate in conditioning for sport \*

SISXCCS004 Provide quality service

SISOFLD001 Assist in conducting recreation sessions \*

SISXFAC006 Maintain activity equipment \*

SISFFIT047 Use anatomy and physiology knowledge to support safe and effective exercise

BSBOPS304 Deliver and monitor a service to customers

BSBPEF301 Organise personal work priorities

SISFFIT035 Plan group exercise sessions

SISFFIT036 Instruct group exercise sessions

#### Associated Cost

- \$365.00 = Binnacle Training course fee
   \$55.00 = First Aid Certificate costs
- Final cost and notification of excursions will be included in the permission letter which will be distributed closer to the excursion date if applicable.

## **IMPORTANT**

Program Disclosure Statement (PDS) This document is to be read in conjunction with Binnacle Training's <u>Program Disclosure Statement</u> (PDS). The PDS sets out the services and training products Binnacle Training provides and those services carried out by the 'Partner School' (i.e. the delivery of training and assessment services).

To access Binnacle's PDS, visit: https://www.binnacletraining.com.au/app/uploads/2022/08/Program-Disclosure-Statementv10-2022.pdf

- Students are required to have their laptop with them for every lesson.
- If your child has any outstanding fees, they will not be able to participate in this program.

<sup>\*</sup> For students not enrolled in entry qualification SIS20122 Certificate II in Sport and Recreation these will be issued as a separate Statement of Attainment (Subject Only Training

# Health Support Services Certificate II + Health Services Assistance Certificate III





Vocational Education subject

**HLT23221 Certificate II in Health Support Services + HLT33115 CERTIFICATE III IN HEALTH SERVICES ASSISTANCE** -RTO – Connect 'n' Grow (RTO Code 40518). Ferny Grove State High School works in partnership with Connect 'n' Grow to deliver these qualifications.

These qualifications provide a pathway to various Certificate IV qualifications, Diploma of Nursing, Bachelor Degrees (B.Nursing), entry level employment within the health industry.

Health & community services training is linked to the largest growth industry in Australia, estimated to grow by 20% over the next five years. These programs combine to provide students with entry level skills necessary for a career in the health sector and also provide a pathway to pursue further study. Skills acquired in this course include first aid, effective communication, workplace health and safety, infection control, understanding common medical terminology, conducting health checks, recognising healthy body systems and working with diverse people.

QCE Credits: Maximum 8 (up to 4 points for completion of the Certificate II and up to a further 4 points for completion of the Certificate III).

A Language, Literacy and Numeracy (LLN) Screening process is undertaken at the time of initial enrolment (or earlier) to ensure students have the capacity to effectively engage with the content and to identify support measures as required.

#### Assessment

A range of teaching/learning strategies will be used to deliver the competencies. These include:

- Observations
- Folios of work
- Questionnaires
- Written and practical tasks

Evidence contributing towards competency will be collected throughout the course. This process allows a student's competency to be assessed in a holistic approach that integrates a range of competencies.

#### Work experience

Students are highly encouraged to complete a minimum of 20 hours work experience in a health or community service facility to strengthen their skills, knowledge and employability. Connect 'n' Grow considers industry experience to be a very important inclusion of the Certificate III qualification.

#### UNIT CODE/TITLE Year 1 (Certificate II units)

CHCCOM005 Communicate and work in health or community services\*

HLTWHS001 Participate in workplace health and safety\*

CHCDIV001 Work with diverse people\*

HLTINF006 Apply basic principles and practices of infection prevention and control\*

CHCCCS010 Maintain a high standard of Service\*

HLTHSS011 Maintain stock inventory

BSBPEF202 Plan and apply time management

BSBINS201 Process and maintain workplace information

HLTHSS009 Perform general cleaning tasks in a clinical setting

HLTWHS005 Conduct manual tasks safely

BSBOPS203 Deliver a service to customers

CHCPRP005 Engage with health professionals and the health system\*

#### \* units Credit Transferred from Cert II into the Cert III

#### UNIT CODE/TITLE YEAR 2 (Certificate III units)

HLTAAP001 Recognise health body systems

BSBMED301 Interpret and apply medical terminology

BSBWOR301\* Organise personal work priorities and development

BSBPEF301 Organise personal work priorities

HLTAID011 Provide first aid

HLTAID009 Provide cardiopulmonary resuscitation

CHCINM002 Meet community information needs

CHCCCS009 Facilitate responsible behaviour

CHCDIV002 Promote Aboriginal and/or Torres Strait Islander cultural safety

#### **Associated Cost**

- \$499.00per qualification = Connect 'n' Grow training fees. Please note that students who are VETIS eligible may use their funding to cover the cost of the Certificate II in Health Support Services. The Certificate III in Health Services Assistant will cost \$499 as VETIS funding can only be used for one qualification.
- Students are required to have their laptop with them for every lesson.
- If your child has any outstanding fees, they will not be able to participate in this program.

## Science



## Agricultural Science

## General senior subject



Agricultural Science is an interdisciplinary science subject suited to students who are interested in the application of science in a real-world context. They understand the importance of using science to predict possible effects of human and other activity, and to develop management plans or alternative technologies that minimise these effects and provide for a more sustainable future.

Students examine the plant and animal science required to understand agricultural systems, their interactions and their components. They examine resources and their use and management in agricultural enterprises, the implications of using and consuming these resources, and associated management approaches. Students investigate how agricultural production systems are managed through an understanding of plant and animal physiology, and how they can be manipulated to ensure productivity and sustainability. They consider how environmental, social and financial factors can be used to evaluate production systems, and how research and innovation can be used and managed to improve food and fibre production.

Students learn and apply aspects of the knowledge and skill of the discipline (thinking, experimentation, problem-solving and research skills), understand how it works and how it may impact society.

#### Pathways

A course of study in Agricultural Science can establish a basis for further education and employment in the fields of agriculture, horticulture, agronomy, ecology, food technology, aquaculture, veterinary science, equine science, environmental science, natural resource management, wildlife, conservation and ecotourism, biotechnology, business, marketing, education and literacy, research and development.

## Objectives

- describe ideas and findings
- apply understanding
- analyse data
- interpret evidence
- evaluate conclusions, claims and processes
- investigate phenomena

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
Agricultural systems  • Agricultural enterprises A  • Animal production A  • Plant production A	Resources  Management of renewable resources  Physical resource management  Agricultural management, research and innovation	<ul> <li>Agricultural production</li> <li>Animal production B</li> <li>Plant production B</li> <li>Agricultural enterprises B</li> </ul>	Agricultural management • Enterprise management • Evaluation of an agricultural enterprise's sustainability

## Assessment

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete four summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

#### **Summative assessments**

Unit 3		Unit 4	
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1): 10%  • Data test		Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3):  • Research investigation	20%
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2): 20% • Student experiment			
Summative external assessment (EA): 50%  • Examination			

#### **Associated Cost**

Camp –Western Downs – approximately \$100

# Biology

## General senior subject



Biology provides opportunities for students to engage with living systems.

Students develop their understanding of cells and multicellular organisms. They engage with the concept of maintaining the internal environment. They study biodiversity and the interconnectedness of life. This knowledge is linked with the concepts of heredity and the continuity of life.

Students learn and apply aspects of the knowledge and skills of the discipline (thinking, experimentation, problem-solving and research skills), understand how it works and how it may impact society. They develop their sense of wonder and curiosity about life; respect for all living things and the environment; understanding of biological systems, concepts, theories and models; appreciation of how biological knowledge has developed over time and continues to develop; a sense of how biological knowledge influences society.

Students plan and carry out fieldwork, laboratory and other research investigations; interpret evidence; use sound, evidence-based arguments creatively and analytically when evaluating claims and applying biological knowledge; and communicate biological understanding, findings, arguments and conclusions using appropriate representations, modes and genres.

## Pathways

A course of study in Biology can establish a basis for further education and employment in the fields of medicine, forensics, veterinary, food and marine sciences, agriculture, biotechnology, environmental rehabilitation, biosecurity, quarantine, conservation and sustainability.

## Objectives

- describe ideas and findings
- apply understanding
- analyse data
- interpret evidence
- evaluate conclusions, claims and processes
- investigate phenomena

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
Cells and multicellular organisms	Maintaining the internal environment	Biodiversity and the interconnectedness of	Heredity and continuity of life
<ul> <li>Cells as the basis of life</li> <li>Exchange of nutrients and wastes</li> <li>Cellular energy, gas exchange and plant physiology</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Homeostasis —         thermoregulation         and osmoregulation</li> <li>Infectious disease         and epidemiology</li> </ul>	Describing     biodiversity and     populations     Functioning     ecosystems and     succession	<ul><li>Genetics and heredity</li><li>Continuity of life on Earth</li></ul>

#### Assessment

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete four summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

#### **Summative** assessments

Unit 3		Unit 4	
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1):  • Data test	10%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3):  • Research investigation	20%
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2): 20% • Student experiment			
Summative external assessment (EA): 50%  • Examination			

#### **Associated Costs**

Biology Camp-approximately \$220.

Optional purchase of BIOZONE student workbooks, Units 3 and 4 approx. \$40.00

## Chemistry

## General senior subject



Chemistry is the study of materials and their properties and structure.

Students study atomic theory, chemical bonding, and the structure and properties of elements and compounds. They explore intermolecular forces, gases, aqueous solutions, acidity and rates of reaction. They study equilibrium processes and redox reactions. They explore organic chemistry, synthesis and design to examine the characteristic chemical properties and chemical reactions displayed by different classes of organic compounds.

Students develop their appreciation of chemistry and its usefulness; understanding of chemical theories, models and chemical systems; expertise in conducting scientific investigations. They critically evaluate and debate scientific arguments and claims in order to solve problems and generate informed, responsible and ethical conclusions, and communicate chemical understanding and findings through the use of appropriate representations, language and nomenclature.

Students learn and apply aspects of the knowledge and skills of the discipline (thinking, experimentation, problem-solving and research skills), understand how it works and how it may impact society.

#### Pathways

A course of study in Chemistry can establish a basis for further education and employment in the fields of forensic science, environmental science, engineering, medicine, pharmacy and sports science.

## Objectives

- describe ideas and findings
- apply understanding
- analyse data
- interpret evidence
- evaluate conclusions, claims and processes
- investigate phenomena

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
Chemical fundamentals — structure, properties and reactions  • Properties and structure of atoms  • Properties and structure of materials  • Chemical reactions — reactants, products and energy change	Molecular interactions and reactions  Intermolecular forces and gases  Aqueous solutions and acidity  Rates of chemical reactions	Equilibrium, acids and redox reactions  Chemical equilibrium systems Oxidation and reduction	Structure, synthesis and design  Properties and structure of organic materials  Chemical synthesis and design

#### Assessment

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete four summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

Unit 3		Unit 4	
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1):  • Data test	10%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3):  • Research investigation	20%
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2):  • Student experiment	20%		
Summative external assessment (EA): 50% • Examination – combination response			

## **Physics**

## General senior subject



Physics provides opportunities for students to engage with classical and modern understandings of the universe.

Students learn about the fundamental concepts of thermodynamics, electricity and nuclear processes; and about the concepts and theories that predict and describe the linear motion of objects. Further, they explore how scientists explain some phenomena using an understanding of waves. They engage with the concept of gravitational and electromagnetic fields, and the relevant forces associated with them. They study modern physics theories and models that, despite being counterintuitive, are fundamental to our understanding of many common observable phenomena.

Students develop appreciation of the contribution physics makes to society: understanding that diverse natural phenomena may be explained, analysed and predicted using concepts, models and theories that provide a reliable basis for action; and that natter and energy interact in physical systems across a range of scales. They understand how models and theories are refined, and new ones developed in physics; investigate phenomena and solve problems; collect and analyse data; and interpret evidence. Students use accurate and precise measurement, valid and reliable evidence, and scepticism and intellectual rigour to evaluate claims; and communicate physics understanding, findings, arguments and conclusions using appropriate representations, modes and genres.

Students learn and apply aspects of the knowledge and skills of the discipline (thinking, experimentation, problem-solving and research skills), understand how it works and how it may impact society.

#### **Pathways**

A course of study in Physics can establish a basis for further education and employment in the fields of science, engineering, medicine and technology.

## Objectives

- describe ideas and findings
- apply understanding
- analyse data
- interpret evidence
- evaluate conclusions, claims and processes
- investigate phenomena

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
Thermal, nuclear and electrical physics  • Heating processes  • Ionising radiation and nuclear reactions  • Electrical circuits	Linear motion and waves  • Linear motion and force  • Waves	Gravity and electromagnetism  • Gravity and motion  • Electromagnetism	Revolutions in modern physics  • Special relativity  • Quantum theory  • The Standard Model

#### **Assessment**

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete four summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

Unit 3		Unit 4	
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1):  • Data test	10%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3):  • Research investigation	20%
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2): • Student experiment	20%		
Summative external assessment (EA): 50% • Examination – combination response			

## Psychology

## General senior subject



Psychology provides opportunities for students to engage with concepts that explain behaviours and underlying cognitions.

Students examine individual development in the form of the role of the brain, cognitive development, human consciousness and sleep. They investigate the concept of intelligence; the process of diagnosis and how to classify psychological disorder and determine an effective treatment; and the contribution of emotion and motivation on individual behaviour. They examine individual thinking and how it is determined by the brain, including perception, memory, and learning. They consider the influence of others by examining theories of social psychology, interpersonal processes, attitudes and cross-cultural psychology.

Students learn and apply aspects of the knowledge and skill of the discipline (thinking, experimentation, problem-solving and research skills), understand how it works and how it may impact society.

## Pathways

A course of study in Psychology can establish a basis for further education and employment in the fields of psychology, sales, human resourcing, training, social work, health, law, business, marketing and education.

## Objectives

- describe ideas and findings
- apply understanding
- analyse data
- interpret evidence
- evaluate conclusions, claims and processes
- investigate phenomena

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
Individual development  The role of the brain Cognitive development Consciousness, attention and sleep	Individual behaviour  Intelligence  Diagnosis  Psychological disorders and treatments  Emotion and motivation	Individual thinking  Brain function  Sensation and perception  Memory  Learning	The influence of others  Social psychology  Interpersonal processes  Attitudes  Cross-cultural psychology

#### **Assessment**

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete four summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

Unit 3		Unit 4	
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1):  • Data test	10%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3):  • Research investigation	20%
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2): • Student experiment	20%		
Summative external assessment (EA): 50% • Examination – combination response			

## Agricultural Practices

## Applied senior subject



Agricultural Practices provides opportunities for students to explore, experience and learn concepts and practical skills valued in agricultural science, workplaces and other settings. Learning in Agricultural Practices involves creative and critical reasoning; systematically accessing, capturing and analysing information, including primary and secondary data; and using digital technologies to undertake research, evaluate information and present data.

Agricultural Practices students apply scientific knowledge and skills in situations to produce outcomes. Students build their understanding of expectations for work in agricultural settings and develop an understanding of career pathways, jobs and other opportunities available for participating in and contributing to agricultural activities.

Projects and investigations are key features of Agricultural Practices. Projects require the application of a range of cognitive, technical and reasoning skills and practical-based theory to produce real-world outcomes. Investigations follow scientific inquiry methods to develop a deeper understanding of a particular topic or context and the link between theory and practice in real-world and/or lifelike agricultural contexts.

By studying Agricultural Practices, students develop an awareness and understanding of life beyond school through authentic, real-world interactions to become responsible and informed citizens. They develop a strong personal, socially oriented, ethical outlook that assists with managing context, conflict and uncertainty. Students gain the ability to work effectively and respectfully with diverse teams to maximise understanding of concepts, while exercising flexibility, cultural awareness and a willingness to make necessary compromises to accomplish common goals. They learn to communicate effectively and efficiently by manipulating appropriate language, terminology, symbols and diagrams associated with scientific communication.

Workplace health and safety practices are embedded across all units and focus on building knowledge and skills in working safely, effectively and efficiently in practical agricultural situations.

## Pathways

A course of study in Agricultural Practices can establish a basis for further education, training and employment in agriculture, aquaculture, food technology, environmental management and agribusiness. The subject also provides a basis for participating in and contributing to community associations, events and activities, such as agricultural shows.

## Objectives

- describe ideas and phenomena
- execute procedures
- analyse information
- interpret information
- evaluate conclusions and outcomes
- plan investigations and projects

Agricultural Practices is a four-unit course of study. This syllabus contains eight QCAA-developed units as options for schools to select from to develop their course of study.

Unit option	Unit title	
Unit option A	Animal industries	
Unit option B	Plant industries	
Unit option C	Land-based animal production	
Unit option D	Water-based animal production	
Unit option E	Land-based plant production	
Unit option F	Water-based plant production	
Unit option G	Animal agribusiness	
Unit option H	Plant agribusiness	

#### Assessment

Students complete two assessment tasks for each unit. The assessment techniques used in Agricultural Practices are:

Technique	Description	Response requirements
Applied investigation	Students investigate a research question by collecting, analysing and interpreting primary or secondary information.	<ul> <li>One of the following:</li> <li>Multimodal (at least two modes delivered at the same time): up to 7 minutes, 10 A4 pages, or equivalent digital media</li> <li>Written: up to 1000 words</li> </ul>
Practical project	Students use practical skills to complete a project in response to a scenario.	Completed project One of the following: • Product: 1 • Performance: up to 4 minutes
		Documented process  Multimodal (at least two modes delivered at the same time): up to 5 minutes, 8 A4 pages, or equivalent digital media

#### Science in Practice

## Applied senior subject



Science in Practice provides opportunities for students to explore, experience and learn concepts and practical skills valued in multidisciplinary science, workplaces and other settings. Learning in Science in Practice involves creative and critical thinking; systematically accessing, capturing and analysing information, including primary and secondary data; and using digital technologies to undertake research, evaluate information and present data.

Science in Practice students apply scientific knowledge and skills in situations to produce practical outcomes. Students build their understanding of expectations for work in scientific settings and develop an understanding of career pathways, jobs and other opportunities available for participating in and contributing to scientific activities.

Projects and investigations are key features of Science in Practice. Projects require the application of a range of cognitive, technical and reasoning skills and practical-based theory to produce real-world outcomes. Investigations follow scientific inquiry methods to develop a deeper understanding of a particular topic or context and the link between theory and practice in real-world and/or lifelike scientific contexts.

By studying Science in Practice, students develop an awareness and understanding of life beyond school through authentic, real-world interactions to become responsible and informed citizens. They develop a strong personal, socially oriented, ethical outlook that assists with managing context, conflict and uncertainty. Students gain the ability to work effectively and respectfully with diverse teams to maximise understanding of concepts, while exercising flexibility, cultural awareness and a willingness to make necessary compromises to accomplish common goals. They learn to communicate effectively and efficiently by manipulating appropriate language, terminology, symbols and diagrams associated with scientific communication.

The objectives of the course ensure that students apply what they understand to explain and execute procedures, plan and implement projects and investigations, analyse and interpret information, and evaluate procedures, conclusions and outcomes.

Workplace health and safety practices are embedded across all units and focus on building knowledge and skills in working safely, effectively and efficiently in practical scientific situations.

## Pathways

A course of study in Science in Practice is inclusive and caters for a wide range of students with a variety of backgrounds, interests and career aspirations. It can establish a basis for further education and employment in many fields, e.g. animal welfare, food technology, forensics, health and medicine, the pharmaceutical industry, recreation and tourism, research, and the resources sector.

## Objectives

- describe ideas and phenomena
- execute procedures
- analyse information
- interpret information
- evaluate conclusions and outcomes
- plan investigations and projects

Science in Practice is a four-unit course of study. This syllabus contains six QCAA-developed units as options for schools to select from to develop their course of study.

Unit option	Unit title
Unit option A	Consumer science
Unit option B	Ecology
Unit option C	Forensic science
Unit option D	Disease
Unit option E	Sustainability
Unit option F	Transport

#### Assessment

Students complete two assessment tasks for each unit. The assessment techniques used in Science in Practice are:

Technique	Description	Response requirements
Applied investigation	Students investigate a research question by collecting, analysing and interpreting primary or secondary information.	One of the following:  Multimodal (at least two modes delivered at the same time): up to 7 minutes, 10 A4 pages, or equivalent digital media  Written: up to 1000 words
Practical project	Students use practical skills to complete a project in response to a scenario.	Completed project One of the following: • Product: 1 • Performance: up to 4 minutes
		Documented process  Multimodal (at least two modes delivered at the same time): up to 5 minutes, 8 A4 pages, or equivalent digital media

## Languages



General senior subject



German provides students with the opportunity to reflect on their understanding of the German language and the communities that use it, while also assisting in the effective negotiation of experiences and meaning across cultures and languages. Students participate in a range of interactions in which they exchange meaning, develop intercultural understanding and become active participants in understanding and constructing written, spoken and visual texts.

Students communicate with people from German-speaking communities to understand the purpose and nature of language and to gain understanding of linguistic structures. They acquire language in social and cultural settings and communicate across a range of contexts for a variety of purposes.

Students experience and evaluate a range of different text types; reorganise their thinking to accommodate other linguistic and intercultural knowledge and textual conventions; and create texts for a range of contexts, purposes and audiences.

## Pathways

A course of study in German can establish a basis for further education and employment in many professions and industries, particularly those where the knowledge of an additional language and the intercultural understanding it encompasses could be of value, such as business, hospitality, law, science, technology, sociology and education.

## Objectives

- Comprehend German to understand information, ideas, opinions and experiences
- identify tone, purpose, context and audience to infer meaning, values and attitudes
- analyse and evaluate information and ideas to draw conclusions
- apply knowledge of language elements of German to construct meaning
- structure, sequence and synthesise information to justify opinions, ideas and perspectives
- communicate using contextually appropriate German

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
Meine Welt My world • Family/carers • Peers • Education	Unsere Welt erkunden — Exploring our world • Travel and exploration • Social customs • German influences around the world	Unsere Gesellschaft; Kultur und Identität  — Our society; culture and identity  • Lifestyles and leisure  • The arts, entertainment and sports  • Groups in society	Meine Gegenwart; meine Zukunft — My present; my future  • The present  • Future choices

#### **Assessment**

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete four summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

Unit 3		Unit 4	
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1):  • Examination — short response	20%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3):  • Multimodal presentation and interview	30%
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2):  • Examination — extended response	25%	Summative external assessment (EA):  • Examination — combination response	25%

# German Extension General senior subject



German Extension equips students with a deeper intercultural understanding and enhanced communicative abilities, preparing them for an increasingly globalised world. As this course is an Extension subject, it is expected that students will engage with authentic texts that are challenging in their language elements and in their ideas and concepts.

Students use their background knowledge and skills in German in order to investigate how meaning is communicated in German texts. In doing so, they use and enhance the language acquired and developed in the General German syllabus to engage more deeply with a range of text types by creating meaning in German.

Students engage with creative thought and expression in German in an increasingly complex range of social and cultural contexts. As students develop their analytical, creative and critical thinking in German, they reflect on their perspectives and attitudes and develop a deeper appreciation of cultural context as they analyse, investigate and create a range of German texts. Students develop the ability to recognise the attitudes, perspectives and values that underpin texts and influence communities. They reflect on their own attitudes, perspectives and values, and appreciate how these have been influenced by cultural context.

German Extension is a course of study consisting of two units. It is an extension of the General syllabus in German and should be read in conjunction with that syllabus. The course is studied either concurrently with, or after, Units 3 and 4 of the General course in German, or its equivalent.

## Pathways

A course of study in German Extension can establish a basis for further education and employment in fields such as linguistics, translation or teaching. Many professions and industries, including business, hospitality, law, science, technology, sociology and anthropology, value the knowledge of an additional language and the intercultural understanding it encompasses.

## Objectives

- apply knowledge of language elements, structures and textual conventions to explore how meaning is conveyed in texts
- make decisions about language elements, structures and textual conventions to create or determine meaning in texts
- interpret how meaning, attitudes, perspectives and values underpin texts and influence audiences
- analyse and evaluate information and ideas to draw conclusions, justify points of view and construct arguments

- create texts that communicate information and ideas in German for context, purpose, audience, tone and cultural conventions
- structure, sequence and synthesise information to respond to texts personally, critically and/or creatively

Unit 3	Unit 4
Guided investigation The school chooses two areas of study from the list below: • literature • the arts • social sciences • media studies • innovation, science and technology • business and commerce	Independent investigation The student chooses an area of special interest that is not an extension of a learning experience undertaken in the subject matter of Unit 3.

#### Assessment

In Units 3 and 4 students complete four summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

Unit 3		Unit 4	
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1):  • Examination — combination response	20%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3):  • Investigative folio and interview	30%
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2):  • Examination — extended response	25%	Summative external assessment (EA):  • Examination — extended response	25%

## Indonesian

## General senior external examination subject



This syllabus is currently being revised. The Senior subject guide will be updated after the syllabus is released in Semester 2 2024. Please monitor QCAA memos to be notified when the syllabus is released.

Indonesian provides students with the opportunity to reflect on their understanding of the Indonesian language and the communities that use it, while also assisting in the effective negotiation of experiences and meaning across cultures and languages. Students participate in a range of interactions in which they exchange meaning, develop intercultural understanding and become active participants in understanding and constructing written, spoken and visual texts.

Students communicate with people from Indonesian-speaking communities to understand the purpose and nature of language and to gain understanding of linguistic structures. They acquire language in social and cultural settings and communicate across a range of contexts for a variety of purposes.

Students experience and evaluate a range of different text types; reorganise their thinking to accommodate other linguistic and intercultural knowledge and textual conventions; and create texts for a range of contexts, purposes and audiences.

#### **Pathways**

A course of study in Indonesian can establish a basis for further education and employment in many professions and industries, particularly those where the knowledge of an additional language and the intercultural understanding it encompasses could be of value, such as business, hospitality, law, science, technology, sociology and education.

## Objectives

- comprehend Indonesian to understand information, ideas, opinions and experiences
- identify tone, purpose, context and audience to infer meaning, values and attitudes
- analyse and evaluate information and ideas to draw conclusions and justify opinions, ideas and perspectives
- apply knowledge of Indonesian language elements, structures and textual conventions to convey meaning appropriate to context, purpose, audience and cultural conventions
- structure, sequence and synthesise information to justify opinions, ideas and perspectives
- use strategies to maintain communication and exchange meaning in Indonesian

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
Duniaku My world • Family/carers and friends	Menjelajahi dunia kita Exploring our world • Travel	Masyarakat kita Our society • Roles and relationships	Masa depan saya My future  • Future pathways, plans and reflections
<ul><li>Lifestyle and leisure</li><li>Education</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Technology and media</li> <li>The contribution of Indonesian culture to the world</li> </ul>	<ul><li>Socialising and connecting with my peers</li><li>Groups in society</li></ul>	Responsibilities and moving on

#### **Assessment**

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete two summative assessments. The results from these two assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100.

Unit 3	Unit 4	
Summative external examination 1 (SEE 1):  • Extended response		25%
Summative external examination 2 (SEE2):  • Combination response		75%

## The Arts



General

Drama fosters creative and expressive communication. It interrogates the human experience by investigating, communicating and embodying stories, experiences, emotions and ideas that reflect the human experience. It engages students in imaginative meaning-making processes and involves them using a range of artistic skills as they make and respond to dramatic works.

Students experience, reflect on, understand, communicate, collaborate and appreciate different perspectives of themselves, others and the world in which they live. They learn about the dramatic languages and how these contribute to the creation, interpretation and critique of dramatic action and meaning for a range of purposes. They study a range of forms, styles and their conventions in a variety of inherited traditions, current practice and emerging trends, including those from different cultures and contexts.

Students learn how to engage with dramatic works as both artists and audience through the use of critical literacies. The study of drama develops students' knowledge, skills and understanding in the making of and responding to dramatic works to help them realise their creative and expressive potential as individuals. Students learn to pose and solve problems, and work independently and collaboratively.

## **Pathways**

A course of study in Drama can establish a basis for further education and employment in the field of drama, and to broader areas in creative industries and cultural institutions, including arts administration and management, communication, education, public relations, research and science and technology.

## **Objectives**

- demonstrate skills of drama
- apply literacy skills
- interpret purpose, context, text
- manipulate dramatic languages
- manipulate dramatic languages to create dramatic action and meaning
- analyse dramatic languages
- evaluate dramatic languages

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
<ul> <li>Share</li> <li>How does drama promote shared understandings of the human experience?</li> </ul>	Reflect  • How is drama shaped to reflect lived experience?	How can we use drama to challenge our understanding of humanity?	Transform  • How can you transform dramatic practice?

#### Assessment

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete four summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

#### Summative assessments

Unit 3		Unit 4	
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1): • Performance	20%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3):  • Project — practice-led project	35%
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2):  • Project — dramatic concept	20%		
Summative external assessment (EA): 25%  • Examination — extended response			

#### **Associated Costs**

All senior Drama students must attend live performances and participate in Artist Workshops. The costs associated with excursions will be clarified via permission forms. Attendance at these is essential to complete assessment. A senior Drama camp may be available for students in Year 12, with costs of approximately \$155 and should be considered when making subject choices.

Students are required to purchase Theatre Blacks; the Drama Department uniform for presenting.

# Music General senior subject



Music fosters creative and expressive communication. It allows students to develop musicianship through making (composition and performance) and responding (musicology).

Through composition, performance and musicology, students use and apply music elements and concepts. They apply their knowledge and understanding to convey meaning and/or emotion to an audience.

Students use essential literacy skills to engage in a multimodal world. They demonstrate practical music skills and analyse and evaluate music in a variety of contexts, styles and genres.

#### Pathways

A course of study in Music can establish a basis for further education and employment in the fields of arts administration, communication, education, creative industries, public relations and science and technology.

## Objectives

- demonstrate technical skills
- use music elements and concepts
- analyse music
- apply compositional devices
- apply literacy skills
- interpret music elements and concepts
- evaluate music
- realise music ideas
- resolve music ideas

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
Designs Through inquiry learning, the following is explored:	Identities Through inquiry learning, the following is explored:	Innovations Through inquiry learning, the following is explored:	Narratives Through inquiry learning, the following is explored:
How does the treatment and combination of different music elements enable musicians to design music that communicates meaning through performance and composition?	How do musicians use their understanding of music elements, concepts and practices to communicate cultural, political, social and personal identities when performing, composing and responding to music?	How do musicians incorporate innovative music practices to communicate meaning when performing and composing?	How do musicians manipulate music elements to communicate narrative when performing, composing and responding to music?

#### Assessment

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete four summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

#### **Summative** assessments

Unit 3		Unit 4	
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1): • Performance	20%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3):  • Project	35%
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2):  • Composition	20%		
Summative external assessment (EA): 25%  • Examination – extended response			

#### **Associated Costs**

All senior Music students attend live performances and participate in Artist Workshops. The costs associated with excursions will be clarified via permission forms.



## Music Extension (Composition)

## General senior subject



Music Extension (Composition) is an extension of the Music General senior syllabus. It provides an opportunity for students with specific abilities in music to extend their expertise. Students select one specialisation only and follow an individual program of study designed to continue the development of refined musicianship skills. Music Extension encourages students to investigate music concepts and ideas relevant to their specialisation. In the Composition specialisation (making), students create and resolve new music works. They demonstrate use of music concepts and manipulate music concepts to express meaning and/or emotion to an audience through resolved compositions.

#### Pathways

A course of study in Music Extension can establish a basis for further education and employment in the fields of arts administration, communication, education, creative industries, public relations and science and technology.

#### Objectives

By the conclusion of the course of study, students will:

- analyse music
- apply literary skills
- evaluate music
- apply compositional devices
- manipulate music elements and concepts
- resolve music ideas

#### Structure

Unit 3	Unit 4
<ul><li>Explore</li><li>Key idea 1: Initiate best practice</li><li>Key idea 2: Consolidate best practice</li></ul>	Key idea 3: Independent best practice

#### Assessment

In Units 3 and 4 students complete four summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

Unit 3		Unit 4	
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1):  • Composition 1	20%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3):  • Composition project	35%
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2):  • Composition 2	20%		
Summative external assessment (EA): 25%  • Examination — extended response			



## Music Extension (Performance)

## General senior subject



Music Extension (Performance) is an extension of the Music General senior syllabus. It provides an opportunity for students with specific abilities in music to extend their expertise. Students select one specialisation only and follow an individual program of study designed to continue the development of refined musicianship skills. Music Extension encourages students to investigate music concepts and ideas relevant to their specialisation. In the Performance specialisation (making), students realise music works, demonstrating technical skills and understanding. They make decisions about music, interpret music elements and concepts, and express music ideas to realise their performances.

#### **Pathways**

A course of study in Music Extension can establish a basis for further education and employment in the fields of arts administration, communication, education, creative industries, public relations and science and technology.

#### Objectives

By the conclusion of the course of study, students will:

- analyse music
- apply literacy skills
- evaluate music express meaning, emotion or ideas about music
- apply technical skills
- interpret music elements and concepts
- realise music ideas

#### Structure

Unit 3	Unit 4
<ul><li>Explore</li><li>Key idea 1: Initiate best practice</li><li>Key idea 2: Consolidate best practice</li></ul>	Emerge     Key idea 3: Independent best practice

#### Assessment

In Units 3 and 4 students complete four summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

Unit 3		Unit 4	
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1):  • Investigation 1	20%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3):  • Performance project	35%
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2): • Investigation 2	20%		
Summative external assessment (EA): 25%  • Examination — extended response			

## Visual Art

## General senior subject



Visual Art provides students with opportunities to understand and appreciate the role of visual art in past and present traditions and cultures, as well as the contributions of contemporary visual artists and their aesthetic, historical and cultural influences. Students interact with artists, artworks, institutions and communities to enrich their experiences and understandings of their own and others' art practices.

Students have opportunities to construct knowledge and communicate personal interpretations by working as both artist and audience. They use their imagination and creativity to innovatively solve problems and experiment with visual language and expression.

Through an inquiry learning model, students develop critical and creative thinking skills. They create individualised responses and meaning by applying diverse materials, techniques, technologies and art processes.

In responding to artworks, students employ essential literacy skills to investigate artistic expression and critically analyse artworks in diverse contexts. They consider meaning, purposes and theoretical approaches when ascribing aesthetic value and challenging ideas.

## **Pathways**

A course of study in Visual Art can establish a basis for further education and employment in the fields of arts practice, design, craft, and information technologies; broader areas in creative industries and cultural institutions; and diverse fields that use skills inherent in the subject, including advertising, arts administration and management, communication, design, education, galleries and museums, film and television, public relations, and science and technology.

## **Objectives**

- implement ideas and representations
- apply literacy skills
- analyse and interpret visual language, expression and meaning in artworks and practices
- evaluate influences
- justify viewpoints
- experiment in response to stimulus
- create visual responses using knowledge and understanding of art media
- realise responses to communicate meaning

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
Art as lens  Concept: lenses to explore the material world  Contexts: personal and contemporary  Focus: people, place, objects	Art as code  Concept: art as a coded visual language  Contexts: formal and cultural  Focus: codes, symbols, signs and art conventions	Art as knowledge  Concept: constructing knowledge as artist and audience  Contexts: contemporary, personal, cultural and/or formal  Focus: student- directed	Art as alternate  Concept: evolving alternate representations and meaning  Contexts: contemporary, personal, cultural and/or formal  Focus: student-directed

#### Assessment

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete four summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

#### **Summative assessments**

Unit 3		Unit 4		
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1):  • Investigation — inquiry phase 1	20%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3):  • Project — inquiry phase 3	30%	
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2): • Project — inquiry phase 2	25%			
Summative external assessment (EA): 25%  • Examination				

#### **Associated Expenses**

All senior Art students must attend gallery excursions and participate in Artist Workshops. There will be costs associated with excursions, clarified via permission forms. Attendance at these is essential to complete assessment. Basic Art materials are provided, however special resources are purchased by the student.

# Visual Arts in Practice Applied senior subject



The arts are woven into the fabric of community. They have the capacity to engage and inspire students, enriching their lives, stimulating curiosity and imagination, and encouraging them to reach their creative and expressive potential.

In Visual Arts in Practice, students respond to authentic, real-world stimulus (e.g. problems, events, stories, places, objects, the work of artists or artisans), seeing or making new links between art-making purposes and contexts. They explore visual language in combination with media, technologies and skills to make artworks. Throughout the course, students are exposed to two or more art-making modes, selecting from 2D, 3D, digital (static) and time-based and using these in isolation or combination, as well as innovating new ways of working.

When responding, students use analytical processes to identify problems and develop plans or designs for artworks. They use reasoning and decision-making to justify their choices, reflecting and evaluating on the success of their own and others' art-making. When making, students demonstrate knowledge and understanding of visual features to communicate artistic intention. They develop competency with and independent selection of media, technologies and skills as they make experimental and resolved artworks, synthesising ideas developed throughout the responding phase.

Learning is connected to relevant industry practice and opportunities, promoting future employment and preparing students as agile, competent, innovative and safe workers who can work collaboratively to solve problems and complete project-based work in various contexts.

## Pathways

A course of study in Visual Arts in Practice can establish a basis for further education and employment in a range of fields, including design, styling, decorating, illustrating, drafting, visual merchandising, make-up artistry, advertising, game design, photography, animation or ceramics.

## Objectives

By the conclusion of the course of study, students should:

- use visual arts practices
- plan artworks
- communicate ideas
- evaluate artworks

#### Structure

Visual Arts in Practice is a four-unit course of study. This syllabus contains four QCAA-developed units as options for schools to combine in any order to develop their course of study.

Unit option	Unit title
Unit option A	Looking inwards (self)
Unit option B	Looking outwards (others)
Unit option C	Clients
Unit option D	Transform & extend

#### Assessment

Students complete two assessment tasks for each unit. The assessment techniques used in Visual Arts in Practice are:

Technique	Description	Response requirements
Project	Students make artwork, design proposals and stylistic experiments. They evaluate artworks, art style and/or practices that explore the focus of the unit. Students plan resolved artworks.	Experimental folio  Up to 8 experimental artworks: 2D, 3D, digital (static) and/or time-based (up to 30 seconds)  OR  Prototype artwork  One of the following:  • 2D, 3D, digital (static): up to 4 artwork/s  OR  Design proposal  Multimodal (at least two modes delivered at the same time): up to 5 minutes, 8 A4 pages, or equivalent digital media, including up to 4 prototype artwork/s — 2D, 3D, digital (static) and/or time-based (up to 30 seconds each)  OR  Folio of stylistic experiments  Up to 8 experimental artworks: 2D, 3D, digital (static) and/or time-based (up to 30 seconds)  AND  Planning and evaluations  One of the following:  • Multimodal (at least two modes delivered at the same time): up to 5 minutes, 8 A4 pages, or equivalent digital media  • Written: up to 600 words
	Spoken: up to 4 minutes, or signed equivalent	
Resolved artwork	Students make a resolved artwork that communicates and/or addresses the focus of the unit.	Resolved artwork  One of the following:  • 2D, 3D, digital (static): up to 4 artwork/s  • Time-based: up to 3 minutes

All students must participate in Artist Workshops and exhibitions. Basic Art materials are provided, however special resources are purchased by the student. There will be costs associated with excursions, clarified via permission forms. Attendance at these is essential to complete assessment.



## Dance - Certificate II (pending RTO registration)

## Vocational Education Subject



#### **CUA20120 CERTIFICATE II IN DANCE**

This qualification will teach you basic dance techniques while developing your artistic expression. Your studies begin with an introduction to safe dance practices and the physical fitness required for dance performance. You'll also gain a good appreciation for the creative arts industry in Australia and have the opportunity to prepare for a live performance.

QCE Credits: Successful completion of the Certificate II in Dance contributes a maximum of four (4) credits towards a student's QCE. A maximum of four credits from the same training package can contribute to a QCE.

A Language, Literacy and Numeracy (LLN) Screening process is undertaken at the time of initial enrolment (or earlier) to ensure students have the capacity to effectively engage with the content and to identify support measures as required

#### **Pathways**

A course of study in Dance can establish a basis for further education and employment in the field of dance, and to broader areas in creative industries and cultural institutions, including arts administration and management, communication, education, public relations, research, and science and technology.

#### Assessment

Program delivery will combine both class-based tasks and practical components in at the school. A range of teaching/learning strategies will be used to deliver the competencies. These include:

- Practical tasks
- Group work
- Log Book of practical experience

Evidence contributing towards competency will be collected throughout the course. This process allows a student's competency to be assessed in a holistic approach that integrates a range of competencies.

## Units of competency

UNIT CODE/TITLE
CUADAN211 Develop basic dance techniques
CUADAN212 Incorporate artistic expression into basic dance performances
CUAIND211 Develop and apply creative arts industry knowledge
CUAPRF211 Prepare for live performances
CUAWHS111 Follow safe dance practices
CUAWSH211 Develop a basic level of physical fitness for dance performance
CUADAN213 Perform basic jazz dance technique
CUADAN215 Perform basic contemporary dance techniques
CUADAN218 Perform basic street dance techniques
CUACHR311 Develop basic dance composition skills

#### **Associated Cost**

- Nil
  - Students are required to have their laptop with them for every lesson.
    Students are required to wear black leggings to every lesson.

## Message to Year 10 Students

Selecting subjects to study in the final phase of compulsory education is the beginning of making important decisions about the future. It is most important that students complete Year 12. Research shows that those who complete Year 12 on average:

- are more likely to participate in post-compulsory education or training;
- have higher levels of employment opportunities;
- have higher average salaries;
- have greater career satisfaction.

Courses of study in Years 11 and 12 will prepare students for what they might wish to pursue post Year 12. In many cases, students will begin their post-schooling pathway while still at school. With this in mind, students are urged to make careful decisions based on the subject information presented within this booklet.

To support students in making informed choices, throughout PACE lessons a wide range of career information resources have been explored. It is essential that when students are planning their future pathway they reflect on the stages explored within these resources:

- Look inwards determine your own interests, strengths and abilities
- Look outward gather information for careers that align with your interests, strengths and abilities
- Prioritise the jobs shortlist the careers that are of most interest to you
- Plan a training pathway what learnings can you undertake to maximise your ability to pursue the shortlisted careers
- Act on your plan and modify as required regularly review your progress towards your pathway and seek assistance as required from the wide range of support staff at school.

In addition, it is important to note that success within Years 11 and 12 will require students to devote more time to their learning through regular study and revision outside of school. In general, success in Years 11 and 12 will depend upon:

- student motivation to complete the necessary study time;
- planning to ensure completion of all assignment work on time; and
- interest and ability in the subjects chosen.

Most importantly it is essential students choose a senior course which is relevant to their pathway, interests and aspirations. To assist students in making an informed decision it is essential the information within this booklet is carefully explored. The Senior Education and Training (SET) Plan process will culminate in a SET Plan interview, allowing the opportunity to discuss final subject selections and ensure these best supports students in pursuing their desired pathway.

Mrs Danni-Elle Mason Head of Department -Senior Secondary

